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MEMORIAL DAY.

[For the Observer]

This little poem is respectfully decidated to the Ladies of the Memorial Association of Fayetteville, N. C., by the author.

Time in its constant, ceaseless way,
As it flies through its yearly rounds
Has brought again the sad May day,
When we gather together on the burial grounds,
On the burial grounds where dead heroes
Peacefully rest, in their long repose.

Here we have gathered in days that are past
To honor the memory of the Southern slain,
And as long as Southern fire shall last,
We will meet, again and again
Fresh garlands to wreathe for the dead heroes,
Who fell with their face to their country's foes.

When their comrades in arms have all passed away
Their memory will still live in the land.
Generations to come will remember this day,
And honor the dead of the patriot band.
The patriot band of departed heroes,
Whose deeds of valor, with their dust repose.

Sons unborn, like their Southern sire
Will talk of the deeds of the veteran dead,
And in the years to come, a volley will fire
O'er the graves of soldiers, with garlands all spread
O'er the graves of our noble, fallen heroes
All decked in profusion with the beautous rose.

As oft as the seasons, in their orbit shall glide,
And the flowers shall come in fragrance and bloom
Some will be worn for the brow of the bride;
Fair hands will drop others, on the soldiers tomb
On the tomb of our loved, lamented heroes,
Who sleep, unconscious of their country's woes.

On many a hill in this fair, sunny clime
'Neath the foliage of many a greenwood tree
Are the graves of the soldiers who fell at the time,
When we followed Jackson, Stewart and Lee,
They followed the world's grandest heroes
And fell, when the din of battle in thunders arose.

Brave were the hearts now mouldered to dust.
Strong were their arms for the fray,
In God and their leaders reposing their trust,
True and unfaltering were the heroes in gray
Oh! heart of my country, catch the fire as it glows,
And honor to-day your sleeping heroes.

Bring offerings of flora, Oh mother and maid;
Spread them gently on the sacred mound.
Tread lightly on the spot where the soldier is laid.
For the place where we stand is hallowed ground
Hallowed by the blood, no longer that flows
Through the veins of missing immortal heroes.

Bring grateful hearts for offerings to-day,
Let praise to the Father be given
For the hope we have, through His own good way,
Of joining our comrades in Heaven.
Oh blessed hope, in the soul that glows,
Over there all shall be living heroes.

E. M. W.

LETTER FROM JAPAN.

[For the Observer.]

KOCHI YOSA, JAPAN, March 13, '88.

MR. EDITOR:—For some weeks past this country has been in a state of great excitement. The Liberal party, which is quite strong, especially in this province, is much opposed to the present government. Kochi is the residence of many of the leaders, and of all the provinces, Yosa has the reputation of being the hardest to rule. The opposition to the present cabinet has been gathering force for some time. The opponents have three grievances, viz: treaty revision, the press laws and taxation.

For years, Japan has been insisting upon making new treaties with foreign powers, but they have held her fast by those she made with them when the country was opened to foreigners more than thirty years ago. She claims that she ought to have the power to fix her own tariff, and enjoy all the privileges that nations have in their intercourse with other nations. She feels that she has been in leading strings long enough. Finally the sixteen foreign powers represented in this country agreed to meet her in conference to amend the treaties. About twenty-three meetings were held, I think, and all the business was kept secret. Early last summer, they came to a sudden stop, and the English minister and family went home on leave of absence. It was said, that Japan was to prepare a new code of laws. She had agreed to have "mixed courts," which means that when a foreigner is to be tried in court, there will be a foreign and native judge on the bench. It has been surmised, however, that the real reason was, that if Japan was thrown open to all, the Chinese would flood the country, as they have done in Hawai, so the treaty revision has been in *statu quo*. No one can prophecy what the final result will be, but the present state of affairs is very galling to this high-spirited people.

Internally Japan is in a similar state to Russia, only in a milder form. The government is strong and attempts to quell discontent by repression. Public meetings for political purposes are not allowed, and if in a speech any adverse criticism is made against the government, the police, who are always present, breaks up the meeting. We can not hold a public religious meeting in the theatre here without first getting permission and stating the purpose of the meeting, and the names of the speakers. The press laws are very stringent. If a newspaper attempts a criticism of the government, that paper is suspended for an indefinite period; the editor fined and sent to prison. There are many able and well edited papers all over the country, especially in Tokyo. Until recently, each paper has had its go-to-prison editor, in whose name the paper was published, but the new press laws have stopped that, and the name of the real editor must appear, and be responsible for his own paper. Every leading paper in Tokyo has been suspended, and I think within the last two years too.

I was talking to the editors of the *Mainichi Shimbun* and the *Choya Shimbun;* they said they often did not know for what reason their paper was suspended, they would merely receive a postal from the government, saying, "your paper is suspended from to-day." Notwithstanding the papers manage to give the government some very good left-handed blows by using inuendoes telling pointed anecdotes, &c., which all would apply, yet the editors keep well within the law.

As a suspended paper never knows when the interdict would be removed, the proprietor must keep his force on hand, and be ready to continue his paper at a moment's notice.

The organ of the liberal party down here was suspended; every morning, they gathered at the office; found that permission had not been received; were paid, and disbanded, only to meet again the next morning with a like result. That thing went on here last winter for months. You may know there is a paucity of news, and the papers are filled up oftentimes with a quantity of trash. These strict measures do not repress discontent, but make it only the worse.

In November last there was a number of liberals met in Tokyo trying to get the ear of those in authority; many of the leading men went from here. Just before Christmas the police *thought* they had discovered a plot to murder the principal officers, burn the palace and seize the Mikado. The excitement in the capital was very great; severer laws were promulgated on the 24th of December; two or three hundred men were ordered to leave Tokyo before that day was over. Many who were perfectly innocent were escorted to Yokohama by policemen. Among the number who were ordered to leave the capital were five of the liberal representative men who had gone to Tokyo with memorials upon treaty revision, press laws, more freedom in public meetings and taxation. When the order came for them to leave Tokyo, knowing that they were innocent of any plotting, they refused to go, consequently were sent to prison for two and a half years, with police surveillance for two years more. Those who were ordered to leave Tokyo, and obeyed the order are many of them under police surveillance, which means that a policeman is always at his side, and every letter he sends or receives is read by them. In other words they are constantly overshadowed by policemen.

Four of the five men mentioned above are elders and deacons in this church; it was like a thunderbolt, when a telegram came that all five were in prison. Christmas gayety was stopped; it was a sad time for all, especially for the families of those in prison. Mr. Kataoha, one of the four men, has travelled all around the world, and is a man of strong character. All are middle-aged, so they knew and weighed well the consequences when they deliberately disobeyed the law, but no doubt they thought to do their cause good. It is pretty well believed that there was no plot except in the brain of the policemen.

The governor of this province find these Tosaites very hard to rule; he sent in his resignation, but as no one was willing to take his place, he has had to keep it. The people dislike him very much, they do not hesitate to call him a fool and all kinds of names. He has had many serious difficulties with the local assembly here, last winter three thousand men from the country surrounded his gate and would not leave until he promised in writing to do what they wished. A year or two ago an attempt was made upon his life. Since writing the above I hear that he has resigned and left Kochi, and another man has been sent in his place.

Unfortunately our church here was begun somewhat under the auspices of the liberal party; that is, the leading men in it are leading men in that party, and it was in accordance with an invitation from the leader, that missionaries came down here. It requires no small degree of diplomacy to steer clear of both the liberal and the government party.

This is getting to be a long letter, but I hope you will pardon me if I trespass upon your time and mention a little about the eclipse of last August even at this late day. I saw the eclipse from Tokyo, which was just outside of the total belt. The sun, all but a very narrow rim on one side, was entirely hidden. It was perfectly clear, not a cloud near from the beginning to the end. The eclipse began a little after three in the afternoon and was over by five. The most peculiar thing was the unnatural look of the atmosphere. Two or three stars were visible. The United States government appropriated $2,000, and Professors Todd and Hitchcock were sent out to take observations and photographs. They brought with them the most delicate instruments to take photographs of the sun. The place chosen, from which to view the sun, was Shirokawa, a town on the railroad about 80 or 90 miles north of Tokyo. An excursion train was run for that day from Yokohama and Tokyo, and a large number went to Shirokawa, but unfortunately the sun was under a cloud during the whole time of totality.

Preparation had been made to take a hundred photographs, but not more than a dozen were taken. It was a fiasco all over Japan and great disappointment to all. A Japanese Admiral chartered one of the steamers of the "Japan Steamship Company," and invited about one hundred and fifty foreigners and Japanese, all men, to go on a trip of three days up the wast. They met with a similar result, not seeing as much as we did in Tokyo. The party, however, seemed to have had a merry time, which can be accounted for as they had quantities of champagne and other liquors on board.

Last summer a telegram was received by the Rev. Mr. DeForest of the American Board of Missions from Mr. Moody—the telegram, by the way, cost $200. Mr. Moody stated that the Y. M. C. A. was willing to pay the travelling expenses of any christian young or married men or ladies, who wished to come to Japan to engage in teaching. Most of your readers have doubtless seen in the papers what a craze has come over the Japanese to learn English, and how the missionaries are beset upon all sides to teach it. It is to meet this demand, and supply *christian* teachers that the Y. M. C. A. made this offer. Three young men came out a week or two ago, one of whom is a graduate of Yale. He has been engaged by the Presbyterian College in Tokyo, those that come out are at liberty to work under or with any denomination they choose. One of the three who came out is to be something of an agent. If any mission wants a teacher, they apply to this agent, who gets one from home, and the mission promises to engage him a position in some Japanese school.

If any of your readers feel inclined to come to this country as teachers, let them apply to Mr. Moody for further particulars.

I would say before closing, the salaries are from $50 upward per month for ladies. I think it is more for men, and still more for a married man.

I see by the OBSERVER that the Japanese persimmon has been introduced into Fayetteville. I wonder you don't get the Japanese orange, I hear that it is being introduced in large quantities into California with great success. It is much hardier than the Florida orange and can stand a good deal of cold. It grows here out of doors. We have snow and frost here every winter, though not much of the former. The *Kinshu seedless orange* is decidedly the best. There are numberless varieties, as there are two of the persimmon. But I do not wish to weary your readers any more. L. L. G.

OUR WILSON LETTER.

Battle of Guilford Court House—Mecklenburg Declaration, and Other Historical Events.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

We have noticed with pleasure the announcement of the meeting at Guilford Court House on the 5th of May. We are at a loss to understand why that day should be selected. The battle was fought on the 15th of March, 1781, according to Holmes's History of the United States. Alexander Stephens says it was fought on March 25th. Both histories, we believe, are endorsed by the State Board of Education. With the date in doubt, we suppose the 5th of May will answer as well as any other for a celebration. We are certainly unfortunate as to dates of great events in North Carolina history. The *authenticity* of the Mecklenburgh Declaration (as well as the date), has been doubted. We do not know that all the "doubting Thomases" are yet satisfied as to that immortal document. The last victory for the American arms prior to that of Yorktown was achieved at Elizabethtown. Wheeler says that victory occurred in July, 1781. An eye-witness and participant left his written testimony that it occurred on the 20th of September. The witness mentioned a circumstance in connection with the moon that establishes the date (beyond a doubt) of the 29th of September. Errors in our history are not confined to dates. Gov. Vance in his address at the unveiling of the Caswell monument spoke of General Caswell as "commanding at Moore's Creek." Commanding what? Does he mean to say that Caswell was the ranking officer? If that be his meaning the record is against him. Caswell *had no right to command* other than his own troops in that action, and did not outrank Col. Lillington, who was highest in command, in his own military district. The testimony of Col. Ashe, who was present at the arrival of Caswell, was that Lillington tendered Caswell the command but that the latter refused it and took his position in the rear.

We saw the statement recently that Cornwallis crossed the Cape Fear at Averasboro on his retreat from Guilford Court House.

Cornwallis marched his army to Wilmington on *west side of Cape Fear.* He was at Cross Creek. He was certainly at Gov. Johnston's palace, four miles above Elizabethtown, where he halted his army on the "King's Road" on discovering the death of Col. Webster.

He was certainly at the Waddell place below Elizabetown, where Webster was buried.

The military road discovered by the engineers of proposed railroad route from Fayetteville to Wilmington was certainly not the road travelled by Cornwallis on his retreat.

Ignorance of North Carolina history among our distinguished men is astonishing. At the Charlotte Centennial in 1875, Judge Kerr spoke of the patriots who threw the tea overboard in Wilmington harbor. The address we believe was published in *Our Living and Our Dead,* and no one has ever doubted the statement. No such thing ever occurred at Wilmington. That is the way in which North Carolina history is made.

OUR RALEIGH LETTER.

Teachers Summer Home—Eugene Harrell—Raleigh Cattle Show—Who will be Governor, and a Little about Immigration.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

The warm wave subsided to-day under the influence of a soft April rain and every drop that fell did the hearts of the farmers and gardners good.

Early this morning ten coaches well filled came into Raleigh and rolled out for Morehead. It was a merry May day crowd, and it will be a holiday for them to get a peep at the sea and participate in the dedication of the Summer Home of the Teachers of the State. What a sing-song life of usefulness they lead! Patient as oxen, held in light esteem often, poorly recompensed, with no great prizes beyond their eyes, such as other professions hold out, they work through life on the one great problem of making the lives of those who are coming behind them better, wiser and freer. They deserve a large holiday without care and with all the luxury and ease that moderation can suggest.

What a restless plotter Eugene Harrell is too. Plotter in the best sense of the word. He is always laying plans for promoting the education of the children and for the amelioration of the condition of the teachers. He is not growing rich at it either. It would be quite silly to fancy that he did it at his own expense, but he does it on such a narrow margin that there is reason to fear and believe that he does not count the wear and tear of his health and energies in the balance. All the papers say luck to him.

Col. Saunders is back home in good health. He enjoyed his trip and stood it like a youngster on his first legs.

The middle of May brings around another cattle show. Lowing herds of very aristocratic kine will parade the streets all decked out in blue ribbons. They are very proud of these occasions. They are sort of spring bonnet festivals that are dear to the sex. This year there will be a new feature, blooded horses, thorough and standard bred. It will be worth coming 100 miles to see.

The counties are holding up their hands now to be counted, and will soon know who the favorite is. Whoever it may be will have behind him a solid Democracy. The Radicals will have to run Dockery. Price will not have it. Russell denies it, and my son Oliver jist naterally hones arter it. He pleases the negroes, but he don't quite reach the white folks and that's what's the matter with the poker dot party.

The Warm Springs Immigration Convention was a great advertising card for North Carolina. Money couldn't have bought it. The fact is that the State is so large that you could put a thousand immigrants into it in a year and nobody could be the wiser. That would only be one to the township. There never will be any rush of people here, thank God, because they might displace some of our home folks; but there is room enough in our 33,000,000 acres for new comers, and elbow room for us.

Gov. Scales will attend the musical festival at Petersburg, Va. It is quite a grand affair. Think of a chorus of 400 little girls.

The graded schools here will close on the 25th inst.

Senator McIver, a prominent candidate for Auditor, is in the city.

The 10th of May will be celebrated here with unusual military display. There will be three or four companies in line, and that field marshal-looking military officer, Col. Tom Kenan, will be the master of ceremonies.

Col. Tyler Bennett will eulogize Gen. Junius Daniel. The man is worthy of Col. Bennett's best powers.

The Supreme Court slate seems to be Davis, Avery and Shepherd. But Hill, of Halifax, and MacRae, of Cumberland, will be heard from and not forgotten.

Wade—Its Schools and Churches—Trucking and a Little Politics.

[For the Observer.]

WADE, N. C., April 24, 1888.

MR. EDITOR:—Wade is situated on a beautiful plateau on the line of the Wilson & Fayetteville Railroad, 12 miles northeast of Fayetteville, in one of the best communities in the county. It is adjacent to large bodies of the finest farming lands in eastern Carolina. Large quantities of cotton and corn and some tobacco is raised in this section, besides all the necessaries of life to be raised on the farm. We have a splendid school taught by Miss Janie McDougald, whose equal as a teacher is very rarely if ever found. We are also in easy access to one of the oldest and best churches in the Fayetteville Presbytery, and our minister, the Rev. D. D. McBryde, is only to be heard to be loved and admired. Our Sunday school organized on Sunday, the 15th, with Mr. W. J. Smith, as Superintendent, and Mr. D J. L. McIntyre, Assistant, Alex. McAllister, Librarian, and Hector Wade, Secretary, Miss Maggie E. McDougald, Treasurer and J. C. Bain, Musical Instructor. The farmers are all astir now planting cotton. Some have already finished planting corn, we have a truck farm in the neighborhood run by Messrs. Hector Wade, Walker and Galloway, of the Atlantic Coast Line. They had some beautiful Irish potatoes, cabbage and tomatoes, but the recent frosts have bit them a little. We bespeak for them much success, and may others imitate their good example in diversifying their crops. Politics is beginning to be the order of the day. Almost every one has his man for Congress—some for Green, some for Sutton, and a few for McClammy. The county officers are not talked of much yet, and we would like to see Mr. D. M. McDonald, of your town, made our next Sheriff, whose name from us needs no eulogy; H. L. Hall, of Black River, made Register of Deeds, and Capt. S. C. Rankin fill the place made vacant by the death of the lamented Taylor, we would like also to see Capt. N. W. Ray sent to the Senate.

Respectfully, EAST SIDE.

The Tariff in a Nutshell.

[Easton (Md.) Ledger.

Er. Blanchard, of Chicago, in a short speech of a few days ago, said more to show up the evils of a high tariff system than others have done in labored speeches and ponderous volumes. Mr. Blanchard is a refreshing sample of a protected operator who is willing to tell the truth and shame his demoniac majesty, and furnishes a beautiful illustration of the utter selfishness that governs the beneficiaries of a high protective tariff. He says: "I am high tariff on lumber, but low tariff on copper, iron, wood, cotton, leather, glass, etc. I will tell you why. I own timber land and sell stumpage; besides, I operate largely myself, and this tariff puts money into my pocket. I get $2 per 1,000 for my stumpage and $2 per 1,000 for my boards. I have just sold 5,000,000 feet of lumber. Now $2 a thousand on 5,000,000 feet is just $10,000. That is the difference to me between high tariff and free lumber. I am high tariff on lumber, I am. This blessed tariff, they tell us, is all for the benefit of the American laborer. What do you suppose I did with the $10,000? Divide it among my workingmen? Not a bit of it. I put it right into this calk-skin wallet, I did. Of all my workmen, I am the only protected American laborer. Wages depend upon supply and demand, my friends, and not on taxes. When you see two men after one boss, wages are low; but when you see two bosses after one man, wages are high; and that is the whole of it—the theory, principle and practice."

A Horse-Hair Turns to a Snake.

[Hartwell (Ga.) Sun.]

Dr. Page asked us if we didn't want to see a horse-hair that had turned to a snake. We did; and he drew a bottle from his pocket, filled with water, in which was what appeared to be a diminutive snake five or six inches long, writhing and twisting, as if anxious to escape from the bottle. When put in the bottle it was nothing more than a hair from a horse's tail. Dr. Matthews says the hair undergoes no change, but that invisible animalcules that generate in the water collect on the hair and make it twist and squirm after the manner of a snake or worm. It is held by good authority that many of the so-called animalcules have been shown to be plants, having locomotive powers something like animals; the motion, however, is not supposed to be voluntary. But the horse-hair makes a first-class snake all the same.

England has thirty-four judges who are each in receipt of a salary ranging from $25,000 to $50,000, and together draw $910,000 a year from the treasury. The eighty judges in the courts of the United States are paid from $3,500 to $10,00 a year, an aggregate of $318,000.—*New York Evening World.*

Tariff Reform.

One of the best and most lucid expositions of the Tariff that has been delivered in the House since the debate on the Mill's bill commenced is that of Mr. Hemphill, of S. C. His definition which we give below, is so plain that it at once shows that the Democratic party stands on firm, strong, constitutional ground. He commences his speech by saying:

The power of taxation is the most exalted and important that the people have bestowed upon their Government.

It is the right to take the property of the citizen by force of the law, and because of the manifest danger to the public welfare that inheres in so great a power and the temptation to its abuse, it should be most carefully and prudently exercised.

Every dollar taken from the citizen unnecessarily is taken from him unjustly, and the true measure of the necessities of taxation are the necessities of the Government.

Whenever, therefore, the Representatives levy and collect from the tax payers more than is necessary for the proper support of the Government economically administered they thereby exceed the legitimate bounds of their privilege and duty, and by so much as they pass beyond these just limits they commit a great wrong which invariably bears most iniquitous results.

And as we have no right to lay taxes for excessive amounts, it must be equally clear that we have no legitimate power to collect for any other than the objects stated in the Constitution.

The right to tax the people of this country is, under the Constitution, devolved upon Congress for public purposes only, and every time we divert this power from the original purpose with which the people entrusted it to us we violate in a flagrant manner the exalted privilege with which we have been commissioned.

The revenues of this Government from which its daily recurring expenses must be met, are derived principally from two sources. One is denominated the internal revenue tax, levied upon whisky and tobacco chiefly, and which produces from one hundred to one hundred and twenty millions of dollars annually, and all of which, except a small percentage for collection, goes into the public Treasury. The other called the tariff tax or customs dues, by means of which many millions, probably ranging from six hundred to eight hundred millions of dollars, are annually exacted from the people, and of which sum so taken about $180,000,000 to $200,000,000 reach the vaults of the Treasury.

There is no doubt of the constitutional power of Congress to collect the internal revenue, or to levy duties upon imports of foreign goods so far as this may be necessary for the carrying on of the Government.

I do not propose to enter into any discussion of the merits or demerits of the first-named system, nor shall I complain of the second so far it is used for the legitimate purpose of revenue only.

And then again how utterly he refutes the idea that has been instilled into the minds of the laborer that protection is to their advantage. He says:

The only protection that this Government has any right to exercise is to protect itself against any enemy that threatens it and each of its citizens, within its proper sphere, from any injustice at the hands of any other person.

It is a total perversion of this power intrusted to the Government by the people when it is used for any other purpose, and especially when it is made the means of helping one set of our countrymen at the expense of another.

In order, however, to give this a popular character, and to excite for it a public sympathy, it is claimed by the friends of this system that it is necessary to maintain it in order to "protect" our laborers against the alleged "pauper labor" of Europe.

But is this what they really mean?

Except in a humanitarian sense it can be a matter of no concern to the people of America as to how numerous the pauper laborers of Europe may be, nor how cheaply they work, nor what their condition is. As to these things we are and must be, in a financial and political sense, indifferent. It is only when the products of the labor of these workmen reach American workers and we are about to exchange the products of our labor for theirs that any real interest is awakened in these people, for it is then that the manufacturer begins to call upon the Government to protect him; it is then that he demands that he shall be surrounded by the law and safely guarded. But against what? Not against the "pauper labor," for they are not here, and not against the products of their toil so long as these are not sold here; but the protection asked for is against allowing Americans to buy or exchange, *i. e.*, against the natural right of any free man to make his purchases where his taste inclines him or his judgment or interest dictates. So that it is not against the pauper labor of Europe or of any other country, but it is against the right of the American people to buy where and what they please that this protection is demanded. That is, they ask protection, not against any wrong, but against a right of their own countrymen, and demand that one citizen's privileges shall be increased by having those of another curtailed.

It is clear, therefore, that it is not against the "pauper labor of Europe," except in a very indirect and remote way, that our protection laws are aimed, for so long as he keeps his handiwork at home or sells it on the other side of the Atlantic he excites no interest whatever on this side of the water.

It is only when an American citizen, following his inclination or interest, starts to exchange the fruits of his honest and laborious toil, whether it be cotton, corn, wheat, or tobacco, that the Government lays its hand upon him and says: "No; for it has been solemnly decreed that certain of the citizens of this country shall be guarded and protected against the natural right of the others to dispose of the products of their own labor according to their own judgment."

This one thing illustrates the sham character of this whole business. For under the miserable canting cry of protection against the pauper labor of Europe, sung into the ear of the voters of this country, the great body of the American people have been willfully and notoriously robbed of one of their dearest rights; and from the laborers of this country has been wrung enough money to make every one of them independently rich.

These four words, "pauper labor of Europe," have cost the tax-payers of the United States hundreds of million of dollars.

Capt. Bixby's Report.

We have been favored with a copy of the report of Capt. Bixby, Chief of Engineers on the improvement of the Cape Fear River. From it we learn that the work done on the Upper Cape Fear has been of no small importance. The report says:

In the last five years 8,419 snags, 2,005 stumps, 2,327 logs, 2,205 trees have been removed from the river-bed, and 8,687 overhanging trees cut from its banks; but as many more remain to be removed. The violence of the freshets has proved too much for brush, log, or ordinary plank jetties, and in my opinion low stone jetties will prove the most economical in the end. The new estimates of 1885 placed the final cost of the work at $480,200.

There appears every probability that this expenditure will finally give 3 feet actual channel depth (30 inches free draught) over the whole river up to Fayetteville for eleven or twelve months per year, and that the commerce will be increased by that time to $4,000,000 of goods per year. The aggregate amount appropriated for this work up to June 30, 1887, is $76,250.

Sixty-five thousand eight hundred and thirty-two dollars and ninety-four cents has been spent in all upon this improvement up to June 30, 1887, giving a moderately well-cleared channel over the whole length of river, a moderately good continuous 4-foot channel during the entire year from Wilmington 44 miles to Kelly's Cove, thence a similar 2-foot channel 26 miles further, to Elizabethtown (a place of considerable commerce), and thence a similar 1-foot channel 42 miles further, to Fayetteville, increased to 5-foot draught from Wilmington to Fayetteville during seven months of the year. In consequence, three permanently established steam-boat lines have been running over the entire distance with full draught for seven months each year and with lessened draught the rest of the time. The commerce during those years has increased about $200,000 per year, has been further benefited from exemption from tolls, and is now over $2,000,000 of transported goods per year, showing that each dollar spent on this improvement has been accompanied by the development of about $18 of annual commerce.

If the river could be locked and dammed between this place to Kelly's Cove it would eventually cost less and be of greater permanent benefit.

Senator Joe Blackburn.

[Chicago Mail.[

Joe Blackburn, of Kentucky, keeps tally on his fingers of votes taken upon bills in the Senate which he is interested in. It is an old habit which he used to practice in the House. When the vote was being taken on Mr. Edmund's bill to incorporate the canal company in Nicaragua the other day Mr. Blackburn was walking down the centre aisle. Just as he got midway between the chair of the president and the south entrance the clerk began to call the names of those who had voted in the affirmative and those who had voted in the negative. The Kentucky Senator stopped and unconsciously began to keep the tally on the fingers and thumb of the left hand with the index finger of his right hand. He forgot what he was doing until the vote was read off, and then he had the conclusion in his mind before the total votes were announced, and was enabled to tell two or three Senators about the result. His gesticulations and working of the lips caused a tittering in the galleries, which did not come to his notice till he had finished the work. Then he blushed and smiled and left the Senate Chamber.

What Might Happen.

[London Sunday Times.]

Speculation is ever rife as to what catastrophe may overtake this globe of ours. Some one has made a calculation of how the earth may be completely submerged—that is to say, if only the terrestrial forces could be directed in the way required to accomplish such an end. The main height of the land above sea level is 2,500 feet, and the mean depth of the ocean is 12,480 feet. Only 2 per cent. of the sea is included within a depth of 590 fathoms, while 77 per cent. lies between 500 and 3,000 fathoms. If, now, the land were filled into the hollows of the sea, the latter would roll over the earth's crust to the uniform depth of two miles.

Another curious speculation has been made concerning what would happen were the earth's rotation to cease. The equatorial diameter being twenty-six miles more than the polar diameter, the earth would present an equatorial zone of solid ground, miles high above sea-level, the water all being drawn to the poles. This land zone would then be like our arctic regions, and would be banded by a ring of permanent ice and snow.

Some one has been collecting facts about the fathers of the United State Presidents, with this result: "Grover Cleveland is the only clergyman's son who has ever been elected President, though Arthur's father was a clergyman. He was not, however, elected President. The fathers of the Virginia Presidents—Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe—were planters. John Tyler's father was a lawyer and a statesman, and John Adams, the father of John Quincy Adams, was by profession a lawyer. Grant was a tanner, Haye's father a merchant, and the fathers of Garfield, Lincoln, Pierce, Filmore, Polk, Van Buren, and Jackson were farmers.

Sir John Herschel's opinion that the full moon has a tendency to clear the sky of clouds is supported by recent observations. In reference to the common belief that a ring around the moon is indicative of the approach of a storm, it is stated that, out of sixty-one lunar halos observed near London, thirty-four were followed by rain within twenty-four hours, and nineteen within four days. Meteorologists generally agree that the moon exerts some influence on the weather; but as to the extent of that influence they differ greatly.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Look at This Picture.



FROM THE ARTIST WHO TOOK G. G. HOFFMAN'S PICTURE.

HICKORY, N. C.

I send you to-day half dozen photographs of G. G. Hoffman, of Conover, N. C., and I must say that your medicine has done wonders for Mr. Hoffman. It seems like raising the dead to life; he looks fat and hearty now, and they tell me when he commenced the use of your medicine he was nothing but skin and bones. The sore on his breast is healed over, and you can see the one on his forehead is healing up from the top. I wish it had been so that I could have taken it when he was at his worst, but I could not leave my office, and he lives some distance from here.

Yours respectfully, A. MCINTOSH.

This man, G. G. Hoffman, has risen from the use of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) to his present wonderfully improved condition. In a short time his boneless forehead will be fully healed, and he will stand a monument of humanity raised from the verge of death. Few persons ever recover from such a low state, being on a dying bed from that fell-destroyer, blood poison, with the bones of his forehead rotted and taken out 2x3, 4x3 inches by the doctors, and given out to die. From skin and bones, wrecked by blood poison, to health and sound flesh, is the work of B. B. B.

Not many such desperate cases may be found, but when they are they should not despair of recovery, as B. B. B. will cure them.

When this medicine can cure such extreme cases, is it not reasonable that it will cure all cases of blood poison of less violence, as it has done in thousands of instances?

The Mayor and Doctors of Conover will verify the awful condition from which Mr. Hoffman was raised. B. B. B. Co.

Send for our Book of Wonders, mailed free to all. It treats of all Blood Poisons, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Sores, Kidney Complaints, Catarrh, etc. Address

BLOOD BALM CO.,
apl 5 1y Atlanta, Ga.

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—IS—

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—



Engine and Saw Mill Supplies,

Rubber Belting,

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Of all kinds, at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

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WALTER WATSON.
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JAS. D. MCNEILL. 1888. S. H. STRANGE.

Merchant Mills

NEW YEAR'S GREETING.

After a most prosperous year's run, during which time I have earnestly tried to merit the liberal patronage bestowed upon me, I desire to extend my thanks to the people generally for their consideration.

With the new year MR. S. H. STRANGE associates himself with me in the business, under the firm name of

J. D. MCNEILL & CO.,

and we respectfully solicit, not only a continuance, but a more extended trade than ever before, believing that fair dealing, good goods and low prices will enable us to command it.

Respectfully,
J. D. MCNEILL & CO.
jan 5 tf

OBSERVER.

G. H. HAIGH, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....MAY 10, 1888.

A FEW REMARKS.

In a few weeks the State Democratic Convention will assemble to select a candidate for Governor and State officers. There are now before the people only two candidates—Stedman and Fowle—with a very decided prospect of another, Mr. S. B. Alexander, as a candidate of the Farmer's Alliance. All of these are good men, all Democrats. The question, a vital one, is which has the cleanest and most unassailable record, which of these can poll the full vote of the party; it is a matter that should be considered now, it will be too late after the nomination is made to correct errors. There are but two parties, the Democratic or white man's, and the Republican, consisting almost entirely of negro votes. The question is which shall rule, and that the Democratic party may be continued it is necessary that the best man be placed in nomination for Governor, one as we have said, who has a clear record, for the strongest and most wily of Republicans will be put forward, one who will search the records and expose all mistakes, all weak points, and who will use them to the best advantage, without fear, favor or affection. If we make a mistake it will be a bad day for North Carolina.

Our State government is now in good hands, it would be suicidal to take any risks. Our State is progressing, its waste places are being built up, there is a hum of machinery throughout the land and the people feel safe and secure in their various pursuits. There is even a hope of better things, for there is and has been an awakening of the people. Our schools are now prosperous, doing good service, fitting those who are to take our places with knowledge, and with a greater desire for further progress. Our taxes are light, our credit good, all of which is due to the one fact that our State has been under Democratic control or in the hands of the white men of the State, those who love and cherish her. How was it years ago when the Republicans had control. How were you schools then? what became of the school fund. How was it in regard to Railroads? How many miles were built? How was the debt, and the State's credit? Think of these things. Compare North Carolina now and North Carolina in 1868, and ponder well. Some may not be thrifty; the farmers say they are not, and we believe it is so, but have they any reason to complain of their county government, or of any laws enacted by the State Legislature to their hurt, not one, unless asked for by them, but they are oppressed, not by county or State, but by an act of the General Government, enacted by a Republican Congress, the Protective Tariff. Here lies the trouble that is daily draining their pockets and robbing them; but the Democratic party is now straining every nerve, making every effort for their relief, and were it not for a Republican Senate would ere another month passes away, give them relief. It is then as clear as can be that all our ills are due to the Republican party, and to the Democratic party we owe what relief, comfort and peace we have. What folly then to think of placing in power any other. Remembrance of the past, and ignorance of the present, and with no conception of what the future may bring forth can be the only reason. Let them, each man think of what has been and vote for the party that has stood by him, and success is sure.

JUDGE JAS. C. MACRAE.

Although the County Convention held in this town on Saturday, refused to instruct its delegates or to endorse a candidate, it was nevertheless an unmistakeable fact that the entire body, without exceptions, were heartily in favor of our townsman, Judge Jas. C. MacRae for Supreme Court Judge. It was unfortunate that the resolution was put and carried before his name was given to the convention, for every speaker and every voter present uttered sentiments in high praise of Cumberland's distinguished son. It was universally conceded by all, that among men there were none more pure, more upright than he, and that his legal knowledge was the equal of any, and that he had few, if any superiors. Judge MacRae is held in high esteem not only in Cumberland, but wherever known, and he would give dignity and power to the Supreme Court bench. Cumberland will certainly present his name, and stand solidly for him, and if the convention will follow its example it will do a good thing for the State and a wise one for the party by nominating him for this office, for he is a man amongst men.

SIGNIFICANT.

At the recent gubernatorial election in Louisiana, thousands and thousands of colored voters cast their votes for Nichols, so says the New Orleans *Progress*, conducted by colored men, and it further says "it will be impossible hereafter for any one to marshal the colored voters solidly under the Republican banner." Education is surely doing a good work in Louisiana. It is only ignorance and the fear of their own race that prevents hundreds of negroes in North Carolina from doing likewise. A Republican Congressional Committee ought to be sent to investigate this intimidation.

There is quite a fight in the General Convention of the Methodist Episcopal Church in session at New York on the question of admitting women delegates, and it looks as if the women would win. They generally get the best.

The Republicans of Guilford county recommend Col. Jas E. Boyd for Governor.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

The annual meeting of this company was held in Williams Hall, on Thursday last. Quite a number of gentlemen from Mt. Airy, Greensboro and other points, either as stockholders or lookers on were present. The meeting was called to order by President Julius A. Gray, and on his motion, Judge Jas. C. MacRae was chosen chairman, and Mr. J. M. Rose, secretary of the company, was chosen secretary of the meeting.

The first business was to ascertain the amount of stock present by proxy and in person. Messrs. G. M. Rose, R. T. Gray and J. A. Pemberton were appointed a committee to examine and verify, who reported a large majority of stock represented. Col. J. A. Gray, President, then read the following report:

GENTLEMEN: The exhaustive reports of your General Superintendent and Auditor, which are submitted, leave nothing further to be said in reference to those matters of which they respectively treat. The results shown by these reports, of the operations of your road for the last fiscal year, are highly gratifying; and its present physical and financial condition is subject for mutual congratulations.

Your Board acknowledges the obligations to the officers, agents and employees of the Company, whose faithfulness and diligence in the discharge of duty enable them to present so favorable a condition of your affairs to-day.

That there has been great improvement in every department of the service, must be apparent to all observers. The roadbed, the equipment, depot's and section houses; the comfort and convenience of passengers; the increased facilities for handling freight; the regularity and dispatch in the movement of trains; the exemption from serious accidents; the superior workmanship of the shops; the discipline, good order and cheerful obedience to authority amongst the men; all proclaim that your standards are advancing and that officers and men are working harmoniously together for the success of a great enterprise in which they feel a common interest.

There are many very much needed improvements yet to be made. We need better passenger accomodations at Fayetteville and other important stations on the road; we need new shops and new machinery; we need additional engines and cars, both passenger and freight; we want to pay better wages to our employees; but the conservative policy which we have preserved, and to which we are indebted for whatever success we have attained, forbids that we should move too fast. All these much needed expenditure can only be made as our means will allow. The extension and developement of our line, upon which we are now concentrating our efforts, will bring increased revenues, and in good time enable us to meet all these requirements.

Of this we are assured by the growing and thrifty villages which have sprung up at your various stations, with their churches, schools, factories, stores and innumerable small industries; the greatly improved farms which greet the eye as we look from the windows of your passing trains; the mines of coal, iron and precious metals which are being opened and explored; the various products of the forests, heretofore valueless, but which now find a ready market, and the general air of prosperity among the people along your line.

It was the intention of your Board to hold this annual meeting at Mount Airy, and give you the opportunity of passing over the entire line of your road to its western terminus. But the protracted rains during the months of February and March so retarded the work of construction as to render it impossible to complete the track to that point earlier than the 15th of this month. By the first of June we expect to have the road open and trains running regularly through from Bennettsville, a distance of 225 miles daily.

At the beginning of the fiscal year the track was laid to a point one mile east of Walnut Cove. Since then it has been laid to within six miles of the depot at Mt. Airy; the entire distance laid during the year being 34 miles.

We had two grading forces at work April 1st 1887 between Culler's [now pinnacle] and Pilot Mountain Stations. The pentitentiary authorities having contracted for some four miles of heavy grading between Tom's Creek and Flat Shoals, reduced our convict force to 250; the limit fixed by Act of the last General Assembly, and required us to consolidate our two forces.

In November the grading was completed between the eastern end of the pentitentiary contract and Pilot Mountain Station, and the Company's force of convicts moved to Stoney Creek on the Ararat River. In the mean time the work contracted for by the pentitentiary was lengthened out on both ends from ½ to ¾ of a mile. When this was completed that force was moved forward to Mt. Airy to finish the uncompleted work between Lovell's creek and Mt. Airy depot, and also to complete the grading in the McKinney cut.

The number of days worked on the grading by the convict force allowed us under Act of Assembly, as returned by our foremen, equals.....39,064
Number of days on track,.....21,723

Making a total of,.....60,787
Allowing 264 days per year, this would give us a daily working force as follows:
On grading.....148 hands
On track.....82 "

Total for the year.....230 "

The free force putting up stone piers for bridges at Tom's Stewart's and Lovell's Creeks and Ararat River completed their work in December last.

The carpenter force employed on Company's account have also finished all the trestling and bridging between Walnut Cove and Mt. Airy, except at Stewart's Creek; and that will be completed before the track reaches that point. When it is done they will have erected, between Walnut Cove and Mt. Airy, during the past year: 1,500 lineal feet of bridging of 40 and 50 ft. spans, and 1,949 lineal feet of trestling.

This force will soon be moved to Madison Branch to frame Dan river bridge and trestle, the contracts for the masonery and lumber having already been let.

The Madison Branch is being graded by the pentitentiary authorities, and they promise to complete it by the first of August. About ¾ of the cross ties required have been delivered on the line, and all will be in readiness for the track by the time the grading is done, so that we expect to have the branch completed and in operation in the early fall.

It is with great pleasure that we announce to the stockholders that on the first day of March last, the city of Wilmington, with great unanimity, voted a subscription of $150,000 to the capital stock of your Company to aid in extending your line from Fayetteville to that port, and that our deep water terminus is at last assured.

In accordance with the authority heretofore granted, your Directors have entered into a contract with the North State Improvement Company for building and equiping the entire road. Our Engineer Corps is now surveying and locating the line, and the work will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

The Cape Fear, North East and Black Rivers being navigable streams, it was necessary to get an act of Congress allowing us to bridge them. A bill was prepared by your Attorney, Mr. Rose, and through the efforts of Senator Ransom and Representative McClammy it has passed both houses.

Our Atlantic terminus, now being fixed, it still remains to perfect our North Western connections and our long-cherished dream of a grand trunk line from our own seaport at Wilmington, running diagonally across the State from South East to North West, to the great valley of the Mississippi, will be realized.

We can now assure you that this consummation, so devoutly wished for, will soon be reached.

The reports of Superintendent J. W. Fry and of the Auditor, R. W. Bidgood, being printed, were distributed among the stockholders, and their reading dispensed with. From these we copy the general exhibit of earnings for the past year ending March 31st, 1888:

DR.

To amount of earnings from—	
Freight	$199,085 63
Passengers	63,526 98
Mail	9,664 19
Express	2,860 46
Miscellaneous	16,452 38
Total	$291,589 64

CR.

By amount of expenses in—	
Conducting transportation	$46,811 90
Motive power	36,625 62
Maintenance of Cars	7,463 67
Maintenance of roadway	32,899 53
General expenses	25,015 40
Total	$148,816 12
By net proceeds to balance	142,773 52
	$291,589 64

"The increase in the earnings over the previous year is $55,523.59, in operating expenses $24,332.20, and in net earnings $31,188,39. In view of the reduction in rates made necessary by the Inter-State Commerce Law the exhibit for the year is very gratifying."

A contract entered into between the C. F. & Y. V. and the North State Improvement Co. for the extension of the road to Wilmington was read, and submitted to the meeting for approval. The contract is similar to the one heretofore made with the syndicate to build the road to the South Carolina line and Mt. Airy. The contract was endorsed and accepted, $20,000 was the amount agreed upon per mile, and in consideration of this the road is to be graded and iron bridges built, and put in running order; five engines, 50 flat and 50 box and ten cattle cars, four first-class and four second-class coaches, and four baggage cars are to be furnished. The payment is to be made $10,000 in first mortgage, $5,000 in second mortgage bonds, and $5,000 in stock of the company. A committee consisting of Maj. Roger P. Atkinson, Chief Engineer, Messrs. D. G. McRae, N. W. Ray, A. M. Campbell and J. A. Pemberton, were appointed to go over the road from Greensboro to Mt. Airy, on a tour of inspection, to examine the work and report if it had been completed in accordance with contract, and to report their finding to the Board of Directors, so if satisfactorily done it may be accepted by them. The election of officers resulted in the election of the old board, to-wit: Col. J. A. Gray, Messrs. J. D. Williams, E. J. Lilly, W. A. Lash, R. T. Gray, J. M. Worth, K. M. Murchison, C. P. Stokes, W. A. Moore, Eugene Morehead, J. T. Morehead and D. W. C. Benbow.

At a meeting of these directors held subsequently, the following officers were elected: Col. J. A. Gray, President, J. W. Fry, General Superintendent, Roger P. Atkinson, Chief Engineer, J. M. Rose, Secretary, R. W. Bidgood, Auditor, W. E. Kyle, General Freight and Passenger Agent, James R. Williams, Treasurer, and G. M. Rose, Attorney.

The meeting in all respects was one of the pleasantest and most encouraging that has ever been held.

Blaine—Blaine—James G. Blaine, is now to be the man. His letter declining was only a feeler. He only wished to read in a far off land the goods things the Republican press had to say of him. The presidential bee has kept humming all the same, and now just in time to head off Sherman it is announced that he is ready for the race, if his friends wish it. Well, Cleveland has the inside track, he has been found to fill the measure to the full, and the people recognize it, and will, with him, give Blaine another fall, so that he may again have an opportunity of going to Europe for his health.

So far every Democratic State Convention has passed resolutions endorsing the administration of President Cleveland.

The 35th Annual Meeting of the State Medical Society.

The Society met at 10 o'clock and was called to order by Dr. J. A. Hodges, and was opened with prayer by Rev. J. H. Wheeler.

Hon. G. M. Rose delivered the address of welcome, which was happily responded to by Dr. R. H. Lewis, of Raleigh.

Dr. Satchwell offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That our hearts and sympathies are with our absent brother, Dr. R. F. Lewis, who, we are grieved to learn, was stricken with paralysis at his home on yesterday, and that we tender our hopes and prayers that he may be restored to his family and the profession he has served so well.

Resolved, That our sympathies are likewise with our sorrowing brother, Dr. Whitehead, of Battleboro, whose absence is caused by the sad fact that he to-day mourns the loss of a lovely child just dead.

The Committee appointed at Charlotte to consider plan a of proceedings as to reports of sections of the Society, made a report which was laid over until Wednesday.

An invitation to hold next meeting at Wilson was postponed.

Dr. Geo. F. Thomas offered a resolution in regard to those who are practicing the profession of medicine for fee or reward without license, which was discussed by Drs. Foote, Satchwell, Long, Lewis and others. Dr. Lewis proposed an amendment to employ counsel to determine the status of the law.

A clinical discussion then took place on a case reported by Dr. P. B. Barringer.

Dr. S. S. Satchwell for the Obituary Committee, reported the death of Dr. O. F. Monson, paying a glowing tribute to his memory. A committee was appointed to draft suitable resolutions. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Dr. Paul B. Barringer read an able paper on Surgery, after which Drs. Croskery and Michaels, of Baltimore, made able speeches in regard to the subject discussed. Dr. Herring read an exhaustive article on the Freaks of Malaria, after which the President, Dr. T. D. Haigh, delivered his address. The address was listened to with marked attention, and treated particularly of the Society and the Profession, the high stand it had taken, and its high aims and noble motives which actuated it. As it will be printed, we refrain from giving a synopsis.

EVENING SESSION.

Meeting was called to order by Dr. Ennett. The Annual Essay was then delivered by Dr. W. C. Galloway, of Snow Hill. His subject was ably discussed, and proved that the death rate, from sanitation and hygenic laws had been materially lessened. His speech was highly commended and ordered to be printed. Dr. W. C. McDuffie, of Fayetteville, then addressed the meeting on "Dietetics in Health." His subject was "Food and Drink in Health." The Doctor evidently believes in good living, and contended that a light supper was not the right thing to sleep on. He believes that rest is an incentive to digestion. His speech met with much favor. The meeting then adjourned.

WEDNESDAY.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. Emmett, and was opened with prayer by the Rev. Thos Atkinson. Dr. R. F. Lewis, of Lumberton, then read a paper on Antipyreties as a substitute for Quinine; the article evinced much study and thorough research. Quite a discussion ensued, which was very generally entered into by several members.

The second subject, the treatment of Dysmenorrhea and Sterility, was then most ably and learnedly discussed by Dr. A. H. Goelett, of New York. Dr. Goelett is a native North Carolinian, who though yet quite young, has made a reputation to be proud of in the city of New York, and his paper received great praise from the members of the Society, and was ordered (with his consent) to be printed.

Dr. R. P. Barringer then made a report to change the sections of the Society from six to eleven. The report was received and deferred for future action. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Convention met at 3 o'clock, and was called to order by president, Dr. T. D. Haigh. This meeting was specially allotted to a conjoint session of the Board of Health and State Medical Society. Dr. J. W. Jones, the President of the State Board of Health, being absent, papers were read by Dr. T. F. Wood and Prof. Venable, and a general discussion ensued. No further business, the convention adjourned to meet at 10 A. M. to-day.

GUILFORD BATTLE GROUND.

Greensboro Jubilant—The Occasion a Gratifying Success—Immense Crowds in Attendance, &c.

[For the Observer.]

GREENSBORO, May 5, 1888.

MR. EDITOR:—This fair city, which for twenty-four hours has been full up to the hub, is now being emptied of its great concourse of tired but well-pleased visitors, and excursion trains are carrying their thousands in every direction homeward-bound.

A fine rain last night put a *quietus* on the dust, and the day has been magnificant. The grand civic and military procession was formed at 11 o'clock, and paraded the principal streets, the soldiery consisting of two companies from Reidsville, one from Danville, one from Durham, one from Winston, and the Guilford Grays, of Greensboro, commanded by Col. Glenn, of the 3rd Regiment N. C. S. G.

J. A. Barringer, Chief Marshal of the day, formally opened the imposing ceremonials by presenting Rev. J. E. Mann, of the Methodist Church, who invoked the Almighty's blessing on the vast audience then bowed before him with uncovered heads.

The Chief Marshal then in graceful language introduced Judge Schenck, the orator of the day, of whose able and scholarly address your readers will not of course expect even a *resume*. To accomplish this patriotic benediction of the honor and valor of North Carolina Judge Schenck has devotedly contributed his time, energy and means. To-day he was the impartial historian, the unselfish patriot, the loving son of his native State. During the two hours and a half consumed in his great task he held the thousands of his auditory in unwearied interest.

Chief Marshal Barringer then announced that after a few remarks from His Excellency the Governor, the guests would proceed to dinner in the grove. Gov. Scales briefly congratulated the audience upon the occasion which had brought so many thousands together, and paid a glowing tribute to Judge Schenck.

After the address an ample dinner at long tables was served to the military and other invited guests. During the day there was a match game of base ball, dress-parade on the campus, match rifle-shooting, &c. Your correspondent heard many regrets expressed at the absence of the well-known and honored Independent Company.

The occasion passed without aught to mar its pleasures or detract from its success, and Chief Marshal Barringer and his assistants are the deserved recipients of enthusiastic commendation. The crowd is estimated at from 7,500 to 10,000 people. M.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway—An Omission.

[For the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—In looking over the brief historical article in your paper of the 3rd, I find grievous omissions. It was to have been expected in hastily condensing into a small compass the events of thirty-five years. The most prominent was the want of any reference to the Engineers and Superintendents who constructed and operated the road during that period. A special paragraph had been prepared, but by some unfortunate circumstance I failed to get it in its proper place, and therefore no mention was made of Col. Flem. Gradner, who re-located the road from Fayetteville to Little River, of Wm. A. Kuper, the accomplished Engineer, who located and constructed the remainder of the road to Deep River, or to Jas. P. Robertson, twice in the employ of the Company, to Jas. S. Morrison, who so satisfactorily built the road from Fayetteville to Bennettsville, and Gulf to Greensboro, to Maj. R. P. Atkinson, now Chief Engineer, and who has for several years been in its employ, and worst of all to our friend, L. C. Jones, who gave twenty-six of the best years of his life to it, and to whom above all others, the Company is indebted for faithful service as an apt Engineer, Chief Engineer, General Superintendent and President, and by it saved the road to its stockholders in its darkest hours, and of which the records of the Company bear ample testimony.

Please print this in extenuation of the unfortunate omission, and for which I am exceedingly worried, and cannot account.

JNO. M. ROSE.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

Nice roe shad sell at Elizabeth City for five cents apiece.

The Democratic State Convention for North Carolina will meet in Raleigh on the 30th of May.

The Democratic National Convention will meet in the city of St. Louis on the 5th day of June.

The Governor has instructed the Adjutant General to order an encampment of the State Guard at Wrightsville July 17th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FISHING TACKLE.

We have just received a nice lot of Kirby, Limerick and Carlisle Hooks; Linen, Cotton and Silk Lines, Ringed Lead Sinkers, Nets, Net Irons, Bait Pails, Jointed Lancewood Rods; a fine lot of Japanese Bamboo Poles.

Call and examine our stock or send us your orders.

HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

SHOE FINDINGS.

We have a line of Shoe Findings, just received.

PEGS, NAILS, BRISTLES, WAX, UPPER LEATHER, SOLE LEATHER.

We shall be pleased to have you call at our place and examine our stock.

HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

WE have just received a car load of

LIME.

A car load of

LATHS.

We have on hand a car load of

SHINGLES.

A car load of

NAILS.

We have just received from a factory which has gone out of the business,

325 Kegs Nails,

bought at *extremely low prices*. We are therefore prepared to say *we can beat the country on prices on sizes bought in this lot*, as follows:

HEADED.

Sizes—2d fine, 3d, 5d, 16 as 12ds, 20d, 30d, 40d, 50d, 60d, 70d.
Kegs on hand—5, 26, 7, 46, 36, 17, 12, 20, 16, 6.

FLOORING NAILS.

Size—5d, 6d, 7d as 8ds, 12d, 16d, 20d.
Kegs—15, 41, 23, 15, 4, 5,

FENCE NAILS—(extra heavy.)	SLATE NAILS.
Size—8d, 16d.	6d.
Kegs—2 4	14.

We will furnish 4ds, 6ds, 8ds and 10ds to fill in at very low rates.

Write to us before buying in New York, Baltimore or Philadelphia. You will save money.

Yours truly,

B. R. HUSKE, Manager,
HUSKE'S HARDWARE HOUSE.
may 10 tf

NOVELTIES

—AT—

BROWN & RODDICK'S

THIS WEEK!

New Lot Torchon Lace.

NEW EMBROIDERIES.

ORIENTAL LACES.

FLOUNCINGS.

DRESS ROBES.

15 PIECES CASHMERE—all new colors.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!!

LAWNS.

MULL.

NAINSOOK.

DOTTED SWISS.

INDIA LINEN CORDS.

New Lot Ladies' Shoes,

made especially for our trade.

OPERA SLIPPERS, NEWPORT TIES,

&c. &c.

☞ CALL AND SEE US.

BROWN & RODDICK,
27 HAY STREET.
may 10 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT C.A.GAMBRILL MFG.CO. BALTIMORE. 196

—THE—

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.
ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS
Are Manufactured from the CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE.

Their superiority for UNIFORMITY, STRENGTH and UNAPPROACHABLE FLAVOR has long been acknowledged.

The Patapsco Superlative Patent

STANDS UNRIVALLED. Of a RICH, CREAMY COLOR, it makes a bread that will SUIT THE MOST FASTIDIOUS.

☞ Ask your grocer for

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT,
BALDWIN FAMILY,
ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT,
ORANGE GROVE EXTRA,
MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.
Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.
may 10 tf

—ESTABLISHED IN 1850.—

Gigantic Bargain Sale

AT THE

DEPARTMENT STORE.

GEO. BRANDT,

of the Grand Central Dry Goods Bazaar, offers an immense stock in his various departments at the greatest bargains ever produced in this market.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT,
every branch necessary.

Boot and Shoe Department,
no better assortment in the State.

Hat Department,
the largest in town.

Clothing Department,
Just opened out an extensive line of all grades, which will be sold cheaper than ever.
Please call and give me a trial.
apl 19 tf GEO. BRANDT.

Fresh Arrivals

Which the public are invited to inspect at our Store,

Consisting in part of

Fancy Sliced Dried Apples.
" Evaporated Dried Apples.
" Evaporated Apricots.
" L. L. Raisins.
" Vega Dehesa.
" Dry Figs.
" Sultana Prunes.
" Turkish "

Dorlon & Shaffer's Pickles and Oysters in Glass.

PIG FEET—SPICED.
TRIPE—PICKLED.
NO. 1 MACKEREL.
N. C. ROE HERRING.
SMOKED BEEF TONGUE AND BOLOGNA SAUSAGE.
OX TONGUE.
LUNCH TONGUE.

Grated and Sliced Pine Apple Canned Fruits and Vegetables

in profusion of extra quality.

No goods sold by us as standard, are surpassed by any packer in the United States.

Cigarettes and Cigars

are for sale by us in large or small quanties.

Space forbids our further enumerations.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

Parties desiring to invest in

REAL ESTATE,

or who have property for sale, will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned. He has now in his possession several valuable pieces of real estate for sale.

Any information wanted will be given by him and terms made easy.

J. M. BROWN,
may 3 6m Real Estate Agent.

Administratrix Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as administratrix on the estate of Daniel K. McGill, dec'd, hereby gives notice to all parties indebted to said estate to come forward and make immediate payment. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them on or before the third day of May, 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. MARY D. McGILL,
apl 25, 1888 6w Adm'x.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BOOKSTORE.

WE ARE RECEIVING THE

Northern Papers Daily,

AND SOLICIT REGULAR SUBSCRIBERS FOR ANY AND EVERY THING IN THE NEWSPAPER OR MAGAZINE LINE.

Our Clerk, Master Archie Sikes, will be prompt to deliver papers immediately after the arrival of the mail.

Send Your Orders at Once.

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.
april 26 tf

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!!

I am now receiving my Spring and Summer stock of

MILLINERY, NOTIONS, &c.,

which has been carefully selected in person from the northern cities.

You are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

MISS M. H SMITH.
apl 12 No. 19 Hay Street.
ts 1m

State of North Carolina,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Charlotte Riley
vs.
Jane Ellen Riley, Henry Richardson and wife, Kate Richardson, *et al.*

Special Proceedings for Dower.

IT appearing to the Court that the defendant, Jane Ellen Riley, Henry Richardson and wife, Kate Richardson, defendants in the above entitled case, are non residents of the State of North Carolina, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER requiring said defendants to appear before the Court, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on Saturday, June 2d, 1888, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. C. G. CAIN, C. S. C.
apl 20, 1888 6w

Administratrix Notice.

The undersigned having qualified in the Superior Court of Cumberland County as Administratrix of the estate of Dr. James A. MacRae, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before May 2nd, 1889. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. CATHERINE F. MacRAE.
may 2, 1888 6w Adm'x of Dr. J. A. MacRae.

Dying Establishment.

Parties wishing to have their clothes

Renovated, Cleaned or Dyed,

can have it done well and at short notice on reasonable terms at M. E ROUSE'S,
may 3 3t Lutterloh's Building Brick Row.

NOTICE.

To Whom it may Concern:

My wife, Rebecca Porter, and I are living under a contract of separation. All persons are hereby notified that I am in no way responsible for her contracts or torts. See articles of separation recorded in Register's office of Cumberland County.
apl 23 4w W. JAMES PORTER.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY .... MAY 10, 1888.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance) $2 00
Six months (in advance) 1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. A. GAMBRILL—Flour.
ROB'T G. HAIGH—For Rent.
W. H. YARBOROUGH—Notice.
BROWN & RODDICK—Novelties.
B. R. HUSKE—Fishing Tackle, &c.
FRANK THORNTON—Knocked Down.
PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK—Statement.
GEO. A. THOMSON—Fancy City Grocer.

Mr. Frank McNeill, the able Solicitor of this district, has done good service this week.

The street sprinkler proved a blessing last week, especially to the merchants. The dust everywhere but on Hay street was terrible.

The grading on the C. F. & Y. V. to Mt. Airy will be finished to-day, (May 10th) and it is expected that the iron will be laid by the 15th inst.

We learn that Mr. D. M. McDonald will shortly tear down the store now occupied by him, and erect in its place a more commodious and handsome building.

We learn from the Greensboro *Patriot* that the citizens of that place are making an effort to extend the Millboro road (a branch of the C. F. & Y. V.) on to Troy, through Stanly into Montgomery.

Gardens had begun to suffer, and the slight rains of this week were badly needed. Although vegetables are not injured materially, a few days more of dry weather would have hurt the gardens badly.

We learn that on and after the 13th of this month that there will be a change of schedule on the C. F. & Y. V., and that the mail train from Bennettsville will arrive here at 9.25 A. M., and leave at 9.40 A. M. The time will be considerably faster. The change is made to enable them to run through to Mt. Airy by daylight.

BAPTIST EXCURSION.—We learn that the Baptist of Raleigh will make an excursion to this place on the 23rd of this month. Every effort will be made to make their visit a pleasant one.

HAYMOUNT AHEAD.—Maj. A. J. O'Hanlon had quite a nice lot of Irish potatoes on Sunday. They were not hickory-nut size, but real first class. They are the first that we have heard of.

EARLY CLOSING.—Mr. G. W. Lake informs us that the warehouse and office of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway will be closed promptly at 6 P. M., and open at 7 A. M., during the summer. He begs that shippers and all interested will take notice.

ROSES.—An inspection of our flower gardens will, we think, prove that we have the largest and finest collection of roses to be found anywhere. In one yard on the Hill there are over one hundred and fifty varieties, all of them selected from the finest varieties. In fact, go where you may, and you will find all the front yards are now fragrant with the perfumes of the rose.

DELEGATES TO EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—The Vestry of St. John's (Episcopal) Church have appointed the following delegates and alternates to represent them at the Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of Eastern North Carolina, to be held in this town on May 23d:

Delegates—Samuel J. Hinsdale, Dr. T. D. Haigh, B. R. Huske and Dr. W. C. McDuffie. Alternates—Judge R. P. Buxton, Chas. Haigh, J. B. Broadfoot and S. J. Walton.

THE COLORADO OR POTATO BUG.—This bug which is so destructive to the Irish potato plant, is now in full force here, and doing great damage. We have seen several remedies for their destruction. One from the *Danbury Reporter* which proposes Paris green, mixed one part to eight of ashes or flour. But he thinks the only true method and the most effective is to pick the bug's and eggs off by hand, and we believe he is right, as our patches are small this can be done, and the pest be exterminated.

MEMORIAL DAY.—To-day, throughout the Southern land, this day has been set apart by the lovers of the lost cause as a day dear to every Southern heart, as it brings back associations with those, who for love of country gave their lives as a sacrifice for it. To-day in nearly every household, the remembrance of a father, brother or son, whose life was thus surrendered, brings back the memory of other days, when their manly forms and loving hearts were lost to them forever. In keeping these memories alive, we forget the cause was lost, and care only to remember that we have heroes buried here, of whom we are proud. Can any Southern man then fail to do honor to the day. Can he have so far forgotten the devotion to duty, the brave acts, noble deeds and willing sacrifice that these men made for their Southern homes, for their wives and their little ones. We hope not, and more than this, we hope the memory of these noble heroes may never die, or the day cease to be celebrated as it has ever been our custom. And that it may be so, we ask that the celebration be joined in by all. That our stores be closed and the bells tolled, so that when all are at the cemetery the town may be so still, so deserted, that it may truly be said to be in mourning for her lost jewels.

Personals.

Miss Minnie Bryan, of Newberne, is here visiting relatives.

Hon. D. H. McLean, of Harnett, is attending Cumberland court.

Mrs. R. W. Bidgood, who has been visiting friends on Haw River, returned home on Thursday last.

Mr. Archie McMillan has opened a grocery in the store below McMillan Bros.

Mr. Cooper, Editor of the Clinton *Caucasiam*, is attending court here this week.

Rev. A. L. Phillips will deliver the literary address before the Thompson School, Siler City, on the 17th inst.

W. A. Guthrie, Esq., of Durham, is attending court here this week. He looks like a Fayettevillian yet, he is so much at home with everybody.

Rev. H. G. Hill, of Maxton, is attending the meeting of the Trustee's of the Presbyterian Union Theological Seminary at Hampton, Va.

Mr. J. H. Benton, editor of the *Dunn Enterprise*, will move his paper to Holly Springs, Wake County. It will be issued from this point hereafter.

Mr. T. H. Pemberton, who was hurt by the accident to the train on the W. W. R. R., is here, he is not seriously hurt, but his condition needs rest and attention.

Letters received from Mr. R. T. Scanlin, who is now in Philadelphia for treatment of cataract, says that the operation was a perfect success, and that he is daily improving.

Rev. John Huske preached at Tarboro last week, and the *Southerner* says he made a most favorable impression, that "he is an elegant divine of most pleasing address, and exceedingly affable."

Maj. D. G. McRae celebrated his 80th birth-day on Sunday. He is still active and well preserved for one of his age. He has done many good works for Fayetteville and the State. May he live to enjoy many years of happiness.

Col. J. A. Gray, Dr. D. W. C. Benbow, Maj. J. W. Scott, Col. K. M. Murchison, J. W. Fry, Dr. W. A. Lash, R. T. Gray, J. T. Morehead, and a large party from Mt. Airy and other points were present at the stockholders meeting of the C. F. & Y. V. on Thursday last, our hotel registers had several pages filled with the names of arrivals.

We had a pleasant call on Monday from Mr. Marion Butler, principal of Salem High School, Sampson County, and also editor of the *Clinton Caucasian*. He reports that both his ventures are successful, and that his school is in a flourishing condition. Mr. Butler was accompanied to this place by his aunt, Miss Ferrell, who is here to consult Dr. Lewis in regard to some trouble with her eyes.

NEW OFFICERS.—Mr. H. C. Fisher is now Sheriff of Cumberland, and is so acting this week, having in the short space of three days made up his bond for $77,500, more by a few hundreds dollars than required. If there be anything that indicates the confidence of the public in a man, it is their readiness to go on his bond, so the Commissioners may feel that they have placed the right man in the position. Mr. Fisher, as Register of Deeds, has given universal satisfaction. He was always pleasant and accommodating, and the records show that he made an admirable officer. At the same time the newly elected Register, Mr. H. L. Hall gave his bond and entered upon the duties of his office.

The Spring term of Cumberland Court opened on Monday—Judge Phillips on the bench—the charge of the judge was clear and forcible, leaving the grand jury no room for doubt as to the extent and requirements of their duty. Judge Phillips presides with much dignity and commands the respect of the bar. He is prompt in opening court, and dispatches business with alacrity. Already he has added quite a number to the State Pentitentiary. On Monday Mr. Neill A. Sinclair, the present efficient Superintendent of the Fayetteville Graded School, was sworn in and duly qualified as an Attorney at Law.

Maj. R. P. Atkinson passed through here on Friday last to inspect the work near Mt. Airy. Mr. Atkinson told us that he had located twelve miles of the road about four miles from Wilmington, and that part of the road would soon be put under contract. He also corroborated the statement of our Wilson correspondent that the military road said to be discovered by the engineers in their survey of this road, was not the Cornwallis' road, but a road made by the citizens of that locality. It was the old road to Cross Creek.

LIFE INSURANCE.—The Manhattan Life Insurance Company writes a policy freer from conditions than any company doing business in the South. Premiums reasonable. Assets ample. It has never contested a loss in this State. It pays what it promises. P. M. Wilson, Raleigh, N. C., is its General Agent for North Carolina.

SLIGHTLY BURNED.—We regret to learn that Mary, daughter of John A. McLean, Esq., was slighly burnt last week. She was playing in the yard, when her clothes took fire; fortunately her father was near and succeeded in extinguishing the flames; her arms were slightly burnt.

Messrs. W. P. Fife and W. Stebbins Prior, two active and earnest workers in the cause of the Young Men's Christian Association, have recently organized an association in Lumberton. These are the men who show their faith by their works.

The Board of County Commissioners held their monthly meeting on Monday. Nothing particularly was done, except a settlement with the estate of Capt. W. T. Taylor, late Treasnrer of Cumberland.

Large quantities of strawberries are being shipped by our truckers. The crop is a large one.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—Pursuant to the call of Mr. G. M. Rose, chairman of the County Democratic Executive Committee, the delegates chosen by the primaries met in the Town Hall on Saturday last. Hon. G. M. Rose, chairman, after a pleasant speech, called the meeting to order. On motion, Mr. C. P. Overby, was appointed secretary.

On motion, the temporary organization was made permanent. On motion of R. S. Huske, Esq., each township reccommended one delegate as a committee on rules and resolutions.

On motion of R. S. Huske, Esq., that each township name to this convention its delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Raleigh May 30th, which resulted as follows:

Cross Creek—D. H. Ray, R. W. Hardie, W. D. Gaster, T. H. Sutton, R. S. Huske, C. B. McMillan, A. A. McKethan, Jr., G. Rosenthal, J. C. Poe, H. L. Cook, D. McD. Grady, W. S. Cook, H. I. McDuffie.

Alternates—H. McD. Robinson, M. Schlossberg, Maj. Wright Huske, H. R. Horne, J. B. Broadfoot, D. G. McMillan, C. P. Overby.

Quwhiffle—John Blue, W. D. Bethune.

Little River—To be filled.

Seventy-First—N. R. Blue, J. A. McPherson, J. E. Elliott, D. Shaw, J. A. McArtan, W. H. McPherson, Thos. Munroe, H. M. Munroe.

Rockfish—W. J. Buie.

Gray's Creek—J. A. Gainey. Alternate—W. C. Alderman.

Black River—W. Doug. Smith, W. J. Smith, Dr. J. A. Griffin.

Beaver Dam—To be filled.

Cedar Creek—W. J. Haywood, W.W. Autry.

Flea Hill—A. A. McCaskill, H. H. Bolton.

Carver's Creek—H. L. Williams, B. B. Adams.

The above recommendations were confirmed by the convention.

The following were then elected delegates to the Congressional Convention, to be held at Goldsboro, May 23d:

Quwhiffle—S. J. Cameron, D. M. Campbell, R. Gillis. Alternates—N. S. Blue, D. A. McDuffie, D. A. Blue.

Little River—To be filled by chairman.

Rockfish—John R. Smith, Lauchlin McDonald, Hector McNeill, W. J. Buie.

Seventy-First—Alex. Clark, J. G. Shaw, John McDuffie, A D. McGill, W. A. Worrell, J. C. Blue, D. B. Currie, D. McN. Ray. Alternates—N. M. Clark, John F. McFadyen, C. B. Bethune, J. B. Huske, N. M. Munroe, Geo. P. Robinson, A. R. McIntosh, S. R. Parker.

Beaver Dam—To be supplied.

Gray's Creek—Alex. Pate, H. M. Pate, J. H. Marsh. Alternates—J. D. Johnson, J. B. Butler, J. B. Carver.

Cross Creek—W. J. Tolar, D. McD. Grady, W. D. Gaster, R. S. Huske, J. R. Vann, T. H. Sutton, W. O. Lockamy, A. A. Methan, Jr., H. L. Cook, O. J. Jackson, W. J. McNorten, C. P. Overby, W. S. Cook, J. W. Atkinson! J. W. Smith, W. H. Neal, C. L. Taylor. Alternates—J. M. Brown, A. V. Maultsby, J. D. Cook, W. J. Boon, H. E. Sheetz, B. C. Gorham, Jos. A. Barnes, W. F. Raiford, and J. K. Kinlaw.

Black River—I W. Godwin, L. J. Tew, C. C. McLellan.

Flea Hill—W. J. Honrine, J. W. McCaskill, A. E. McLaurin, G. F. Talbot, M Maxwell, Noel Gainey. Alternates—W. S. McCaskill, E. S. Saunders, A. Cain, J. W. Bullock, M. B. Crampler, Chas. Butler.

Cedar Creek—D. B. Maynard, A. J. Hollingsworth, E. P. Williams, D. B. Culbreth, T. J. Haywood. Alternates—W. H. Melvin, T. G. Hall, J. B. Fort, A. J. Ballard, L. Hobbs, Clem Carver, T. J. Martin.

Carver's Creek—A. McBuie, W. D. Adams, Alex. McNeill. Alternates—J. B. McCormick, C. D. Nixon, Joseph Ray.

On motion of Mr. Hollingsworth the following resolution waa passed:

Resolved, In the language of the resolutions adopted at the primary convention in Seventy-First township, "that we are opposed as to what is known as the unit rule, and that we favor giving each township or part of a township their respective strength in the various conventions."

Mr. Honrine offered the following, which after much debate, was passed:

Resolved, That we are opposed to instructing delegates, as calculated to hamper free action, and leave it to the delegates to vote for whatever candidates they think advisable, believing that they will be influenced by considerations of fitness and availability.

Mr. D. B. Culbreth offered the following:

Resolved, That this convention is in favor of the abolition of the two-thirds rule, and the adoption of the rule of the majority in the next and in all future Congressional Conventions of this District.

Which after debate, was laid on the table.

Several other resolutions were offered and voted down, and many strong speeches were made by Messrs. T. H. Sutton, H. L. Cook, R. S. Huske, John McDuffie, Mr. Bethune and others.

Resolutions of thanks were offered, thanking the Hon. G. M. Rose for the able and active manner in which he had served the party as chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, which was happily responded to by Mr. Rose, who, although no longer chairman, promised his services whenever required. On motion, the meeting adjourned.

BELL RINGERS.—Armstrong & Fitzpatrick, the Bell Ringers and Merry Makers, were greeted with a crowded house on Friday evening last. The performance, if we are to judge by the hearty laughter and continued encores, was much enjoyed. The bell ringing to us was decidedly the best part of the performance. "Those Evening Bells," with vocal accompaniment was particularly delightful—in fact nothing could be sweeter than "The Blue Bells of Scotland," "Home Sweet Home" and "Dixie."

Miss Ella Beebe has a capital voice and her vocal selections, introducting soprano and contralto solos gave full sway to its power. Fitzpatrick in his imitation of character was a success, and Baby Laura was graceful in her dancing and sprightly in her actions. Take it all in all, the audience got the value of the money spent.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—At a meeting of the Executive Committees of the several townships held at the Market House on Saturday last, the following gentlemen were chosen the Executive Committee of Cumberland County: R. S. Huske, Esq., Chairman, Jonathan Evans, J. A. McPherson, Henry L. Cook and A. McBuie.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEES.—We regret that some of the Secretaries of the different township primaries, failed to send us a list of the Executive Committees. The files of the OBSERVER should show who they are, but it cannot do so when not reported.

CHIEF MARSHAL.—Mr. Alexander M. Fairley, of Manchester, has been appointed Chief Marshal of our next Fair. A capital selection.

STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The State Medical Society now in session at this place, is one of the largest yet held, composed of many of the most distinguished men of the State, men, who not only stand high at home, but whose reputation extends beyond our shores. They are too numerous to mention, but it may not be out of place to say that among them we are glad to see Dr. T. F. Wood, Editor of the *State Medical Journal*, whose presence here is a joyful theme for all. Among the distinguished representatives from abroad are Drs. Coskery and Michael, of Baltimore, and Dr. Goelet, of New York; there may be others who have escaped us. The Medical Examining Board have been in session since Monday, and their duties have been arduous. Up to yesterday there had been fifty one applicants, among them there is one lady, Miss Dr. Elmira Travis, of Raleigh, four colored applicants, one each from Murfreesboro, Raleigh, Tarboro and Columbus. The following up to this writing had passed: Drs. Elmira Travis, of Raleigh, J. W. McGee, Jr., of Raleigh, R. A. Reynolds (col'd) Raleigh, F. T. Merriwether, Asheville, J. G. Sherill, Salisbury, A. E. Ledbetter, Guilford and J. O. Walker, Randolph, Isaac M. Lynn, Johnston county, Preston B. Loftin, Hookerton, N. C., Geo. L. Hughes. Snow Hill. N. C., Aaron M. Moore, (colored) Columbus county. The Board will be in session nearly the entire week. At present the examinations are oral, but it is intended as their duties are so arduous that at the next meeting they shall be made in writing. The society is doing a good work in the cause of science, and these regular meetings where each comes to give his experience of the past year, to state his success and his failures, asking for friendly criticism and advice, must do much to aid them in their goodly work for the amelioration of the ills that afflict their fellow man.

Last night a banquet was given at the Hotel LaFayette, in honor of the Society. Three hundred plates were laid, and there was a guest at each, the occasion was one of much enjoyment and pleasure. The following were the toasts:

1st Toast—American Medical Profession—L. J. Picot, M. D.

2d Toast—The N. C. Medical Society—W. H. J. Bellamy, M. D.

3d Toast—Our National Legislation aids us in Reform—Hon. W. J. Green.

4th Toast—Our Light House—The N. C. "Medical Journal"—G. G. Thomas, M. D.

4th Toast—The Friend of Every Profession—J. H. Myrover, Esq.

6th Toast—The N. C. Vigilance Committee, State Board of Health—J. W. Jones, M. D.

7th Toast—The General Quartermaster and Commissary in Medicine—The Pharmacist—F. H. Hancock, Esq.

8th Toast—The Angel in the Sick Room—Woman, —C. M. Pool, M. D.

9th Toast—Specialisms—A. H. Goelet, M. D., of New York.

10th Toast—The Resources of the Profession—Our Patients—A. H. Slocomb, Esq.

After this many, especially the younger set, repaired to Williams Hall to participate in the pleasures of the dance. The hall was filled to overflowing, and the grace and beauty that ornamented the scene is past our powers of description. As we go to press too early to take it all in, we leave it to the reader to imagine the delights and pleasures of the evening.

BAPTIST PROTRACTED MEETING.—The protracted meeting commenced in the Baptist Church two weeks ago has continued up to this date with a daily increasing interest. The Rev. R. T. Gray, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Pope, of Lumberton, have labored daily and with wonderful success. On Sunday last twenty-nine were added to the church, and fully one hundred or more have been converted. Surely, the Spirit is abroad, working to save the souls of men.

At the Methodist Church on Sunday last there were nine who went forward to join the church, and a like number at the Presbyterian.

A DEPLORABLE AFFAIR.—News was received here Sunday of the shooting of Miss Ida Poe, daughter of J. C. Poe, Esq., of this place at Carthage, Moore County. The Raleigh *Visitor* gives the particulars:

A young man named McNeill, a son of the esteemed Clerk of the Superior Court of that county, had for some time been an admirer of Miss Poe. He called Saturday evening and went to the door of the parlor in which Miss Poe was in conversation with another young man. He requested Miss Poe to come to the door, and upon her so doing, he shot her in the body without having removed the pistol from his pocket. He immediately fled and was hotly pursued.

Our Hotels are filled to overflowing. The LaFayette alone accommodated nearly 200 guests yesterday and day before.

Distinguished Men.

Governor John Ireland, of Texas; Simon P. Hughes, of Arkansas; S. D. McEnery, Governor of Louisiana; E. B. Turner, Judge U. S. Court; Ex-Gov. Hubbard, Minister to Japan; Marion Martin, ex-Lieut. Governor of Texas; W. R. Miller, ex-Governor of Arkansas; E. A. Perry, Governor of Florida; W. D. Bloxham, ex-Governor of Florida; John B. Gordon, Governor of Georgia; Alex. Gregg, Bishop of the Episcopal Church and Chancellor of the University of the South, and hundreds of other distinguished men of the United Stat s in all professions and in every department of science have had their sight restored by the use of Hawkes' Crystalized Lenses. All eyes fitted and fit guaranteed by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

Every Home Should Have It.

It is not always convenient to call a Physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a Physician always at hand; it kills Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Burns, Bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them. Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Price 25 cents. At Pemberton & Prior's Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the Remedy for you. For sale at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with abscess of Lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an Incurable Consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made.

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of Lung Troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle, at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

A Yankee Sheriff Frightened.

A well-known sheriff who lives in Maine, had been given up to die with what his Physician called Consumption, a friend advised the sheriff to try Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure, recovery soon followed, much to the surprise of the Doctor, who now prescribes it for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Prize 25 Cents. At Pemberton & Prior's Drug Store.

A Tremendous Sensation.

The burning of a Mississippi River Steamboat causes considerable excitement in New Orleans, just think of the astonishment which Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator has caused by curing Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Indigestion and Constipation, don't fail to try it. Trial Bottles free.

When people suffer pain they want to be cured and quickly too, nothing equals Red Flag Oil for all pain. Price 25 Cents. At Pemberton & Prior's Drug Store.

DIED.

LILLY.—In Albemarle, on the 28th of April last, JOHN ARMISTEAD LILLY, ESQ., aged 79 years. The deceased was the father of Dr. W. H. Lilly, of Concord, N. C., and only brother of Mr. E. J. Lilly of this town. He was a prominent citizen of Stanly County, and for many years a member of the M. E. Church, South.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER



Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.
apl 19 1y

GENERAL FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1888.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	80@90
Hog Round,	10½	HIDES—	
Sides,	11½	Flint—good,	9½
Hams,	12½	Flint—damaged,	5@7
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	7@8
Sides,	8½	Green,	3½
Shoulders,	7½	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	9	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15@16	LARD—	
Shoulders,	8@8½	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	6@	Western,	9@10
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3½	Upper, country,	35@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18@20	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@50
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	30@35	(10d basis),	2.50
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30	Fresh,	6½@7
Rio,	16@22	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.40	Sweet,	50@60
CHICKENS,	20@30	Irish—old, bus.	1.25
EGGS,	10	SALT,	90
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	None.)	Coffee,	7½
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.50	Granulated,	9
CORN MEAL—	70	SHEETINGS,	7
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	50
Corn,	@72½	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	55	WOOL,	18
Rye,	85	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	75@85	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1 00	Pch Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

COTTON—The market opened on Monday of this week at 9¼ cents firm, remaining on Tuesday and yesterday at the same price.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits yesterday 30¼ cents. Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 65 and 90 cents for common.

Crude Turpentine—Hard $1.00, Yellow Dip $1.50, Virgin $2.00.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 7, 4:00 P. M.

COTTON.—Cotton steady at 9¼ cents.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market firm at 32¾ cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at 82½ cents per bbl. for strained and 87½ cents for Good Strained.

NOTICE

is hereby given, that the following described articles of personal property have been seized by me in this District for violation of Section 3.326, Revised Statutes, viz: One package of Apple Brandy, said to belong to L. W. Carter, containing about 23 gallons. Any person claiming any interest in said property is hereby requested to come forward and make claim thereto within thirty days from this date and show cause why same should not be forfeited to the United States. Given under my hand and seal of office this 9th May, 1888.
W. H. YARBOROUGH,
may 10 Collector 4th Dist. N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator upon the estate of Neill McQueen, dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said decedent to exhibit the same to me on or before May 3rd, 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment.
WM. McQUEEN,
Administrator of Neill McQueen.
C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 3, 1888 6w

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as Administrator of the estate of W. T. Taylor, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against his estate to present them on or before April 14th, 1889. Persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment.
N. W. RAY, Adm'r of W. T. Taylor.
April 7, 1888 4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KNOCKED DOWN.

Ladies' Fine Dress Robes.

To keep the ball moving merrily, we this week offer

50 LADIES' DRESS ROBES

(one in a box),

Of Fine White and Colored Lawns,

previously sold at prices ranging from $5 to $10 apiece, we place them on the counter this week, at the

EXTRAORDINARILY LOW PRICE OF $2.50.

Sale to Continue until all are closed out.

FRANK THORNTON.

may 10 1t

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The People's National Bank,

AT FAYETTEVILLE,

In the State of North Carolina at the close of business April 30, 1888.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts,	$229,703 16
Overdrafts,	6,946 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	32,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	136 00
Due from approved reserve agents,	9,073 09
Due from other National Banks,	7,157 02
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	6,886 79
Current expenses and taxes paid,	1,242 52
Premiums paid,	2,700 00
Checks and other cash items,	3,186 43
Bills of other Banks,	293 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents,	51 23
Specie,	2,514 66
Legal tender notes,	7,000 00
U. S. certificates of deposit for legal tenders,	710 00
Total,	$309,599 90

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in,	125,000 00
Surplus fund,	32,000 00
Undivided profits,	10,143 12
National Bank notes outstanding,	28,800 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	58,374 54
Time certificates of deposit,	1,140 47
Cashier's checks outstanding,	300 00
Due to other National Banks,	3,341 77
Notes and bills re-discounted,	50,500 00
Total,	$309,599 90

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } S. S.
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, }

I, G. P. McNeill, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. P. McNEILL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of May, 1888.
J. B. BROADFOOT, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
J. B. STARR,
GEO. BRANDT,
F. W. THORNTON,
Directors.

For Rent.

THAT NEW AND COMFORTABLE DWELLING on Gillespie Street, recently occupied by Mr. W. F. Leak. It has every convenience. Water on the lot, &c. Term easy. Apply to
may 10 ROB'T G. HAIGH.

REMOVED

TO OUR

NEW STORE.

WE ARE NOW ESTABLISHED IN THE

NEW STORE,

next below Mr. Chas. Haigh's, recently erected and fitted up by Mr. Frank Thornton, where we are daily receiving fresh additions to our large stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

SHOES, HATS

—AND—

MENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Our store is large and airy, and our Goods show to good advantage.

We invite the public to give us a call.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND FARMERS

will find our stock, in all departments, just suited to their wants.

Call at the New Store,

ON HAY STREET,

if you wish good, reliable and cheap bargains, for our goods are bought at the lowest cash prices.

K. LEWALD.

may 3 tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

The House and Lot on Haymount, formerly occupied by Rev. H. G. Hill. Lot about 1¾ acres, good garden and fine grove of oak and hickory. All needed out-buildings and an excellent well of water with brick curb. House contains 9 good rooms, and has been recently painted inside and out. The premises are in good order and furnish one of the most desirable residences in the vicinity of Fayetteville. Mr. G. P. McNeill will show the property to any one desiring to purchase. For terms apply to Mr. Geo. P. McNeill or to
REV. H. G. HILL,
Maxton, N. C.
apl 26 4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Buy your Cigars of Geo. A. Thomson.

GEO. A. THOMSON,

HEADQUARTERS,

FANCY CITY GROCER

—AND—

FAMILY SUPPLY HOUSE,

Hotel LaFayette Building.

Buy Your Fruits of Geo. A. Thomson.

MEDICAL CONVENTION,

1888

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

MAY 8th, 1888.

GREETING:

Members and visitors, our City lays open to you. Our people welcome you, and I, GEO. A. THOMSON, Headquarters, would point out some leading points of interest and attraction:

By all means call at Headquarters and buy your Cigars, Fruits and Confections,

HOTEL LAFAYETTE BUILDING,
Adjoining Post Office.

Then visit the Ethereal Garden that overhangs our City—"Haymount"—fragrant and inviting. A genuine Havana Cigar (bought at Headquarters) is not only a thing of beauty and taste, but comfort, as you stroll over the Hill and view the

Buy Your Confections of G. A. Thomson.

ARSENAL GROUNDS,

and call to mind the beauty and grandeur that has faded from these broad acres.

Passing from this scenery you wend your way down Hay Street, stopping at Headquarters for a Refreshing Draught or Luscious Fruit, or more of those Headquarters Cigars, and as you merge into Person Street the shades beguile you to the bank of

THE OLD CAPE FEAR,

one of the most remarkable rivers in the known world. There upon her winding waters you see many beautiful Steamers that ply her serpentine path to the sea. Spanning this lovely vale of tears, shed by our mountains, is a Bridge of no mean proportions—

800 FEET LONG AND 60 FEET FROM BED OF RIVER.

And while so near, if your supply of HEADQUARTER CIGARS are not short, visit by all means McNeill & Hall's Mammoth Saw Mill, and take in (but not away) Styron & Co.'s MAGNIFICENT FLOUR MILLS,

Buy Your Milk Shakes of G A Thomson.

and if left a goodly supply of "Headquarter Cigars" examine the industries of McNeill & Co.'s Flour and Grist Mill,
Watson's Tool Factory,
Ward's Plow Factory,
Johnson & Emmett's Foundry,
McKethan's Carriage Factory,
Williams' Oil Mill,
Novelty Works and R. R. Shops,
The New Factory (reaching out for the clouds),
The Brick Yard—*Poe's not Poor*,
The Marble Yard and
The Fair Grounds, converted into a huge Poultry Yard, stocked with expensive importations.

Now lay in a good supply of Headquarter Cigars—
5c., 10c., 15c., or 25c. Cigars,
and take in
TOKAY VINEYARD
and Cigars instead of Wine.

Buy Your Cigars of Geo. A. Thomson.

Now all these industries and interesting points are chained together by delightsome paths and lovely drives that link this ancient City, and when fatigued drop in at Headquarters or Cumberland Club Room, opposite corner, or Library Hall—Market Square, Williams Hall (Armory), and when rested step over our City bounds and visit our outside industries—
Rockfish Mills,
Cumberland Mills,
Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
—grand and magnificent in proportion.

Keep plenty of Headquarter Cigars on hand.

It is useless to remind you of our Electric Light. If you have plenty of Headquarter Cigars and take a pleasant walk at night you'll not see any stars.

Cross Creek and Liberty Point
Are not without fame,
But live to-day only in name.

Our Market House in centre, like a diamond set, useful and ornamental, proclaims each hour as it passes by.

Buy Your Fruits of Geo. A. Thomson.

And from Rose & Leak's Dry Goods Emporium floats the weather signals and suggests when to smoke Headquarter Cigars in doors.

And should you find it too warm to step down and out—behold our ICE HOUSE—not like the frost-curdled icicles of Diana's Holy Temple, but solid, massive blocks, spun from a mad, fiery furnace, that chills the flame to shame and cools your parched tongue.

Think of our Water Works under your daily tread that flows from an inexhaustible basin under the Arsenal Hill.

And our Gas—is no small thing—(when the bill comes in).

Take a few more of those fine Cigars and stroll through our Cemeteries, none the less lovely for the silence that sleeps there.

Profoundly,
GEO. A. THOMSON,
Headquarters.

BUY YOUR CONFECTIONS OF G A THOMSON

SYNOPSIS.

All the loveliness, grandeur, health activity and wealth of this lovely Island is the outgrowth of her humble Temples of God that loom up in magnificent grandeur—and fondly embraced, guarded and honored by their respective Ecclesiastical heads:

Hay Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. Jos. Wheeler, Pastor; First Baptist Church, Rev. R. T. Gray, Pastor; Presbyterian Church, Rev. A. L. Phillips, Pastor; St. John's Episcopal Church, Rev. Thomas Atkinson. Free seats and open doors, and a cordial, pressing invitation extended to visitors.

The Young Men's Christian Association, with 160 members and hallowing influence, is a large component.

RESULT:

HEALTH, WEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

VISIT US OFTEN,

STAY LONG—AND COME AGAIN.

Headquarters,

GEO. A. THOMSON,

HOTEL LaFAYETTE BUILDING,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

HOW TO DO IT.

[Childrens' Record]

The fields are all white
And the reapers are few;
We children are willing,
But what can we do
To work for our Lord in his harvest?

Our hands are so small,
And our words are so weak,
We cannot teach others;
How, then, shall we seek
To work for our Lord in his harvest?

We'll work by our prayers,
By the pennies we bring,
By small self-denials—
The least little thing
May work for our Lord in his harvest,

Until by and by,
As the years pass at length,
We too may be reapers,
And go forth in strength
To work for our Lord in his harvest.

AGRICULTURAL.

Tomatoes—Fixing Varieties.

[American Agriculturist for April.]

Seedsmen have often told us that it takes a long time to fully establish, or fix, as they term it, a new variety of tomato, so that it will come reasonably true from seed. A vast amount of labor and time have been wasted in this selection of specimens from year to year, in order to secure a pure strain or type of tomato, simply because the grower did not know there was a much better and more direct way to establish the variety. It is only necessary to take cuttings from the plant which we desire to perpetuate, and grow these in a greenhouse, and at the approach of spring increase the stock by cuttings only. The latter are set out in the garden the same as seedling plants, and, as all are from one parent stock, they will be true to the original type. Seeds gathered from the fruit of such plants will usually show more fixedness of character than can be secured by selection of fruit in a half dozen years. Cuttings may also be started in a sunny window.

Destroying Plant Lice.

In a paper read before the Society for the promotion of Agricultural Science, Prof. A. J. Cook said: "For the past two years the aphides have been exceptionally numerous, and correspondingly destructive. As suggested last year, the kerosene and soap is a sure remedy for these destroyers. Dashed on the lice with a powerful force pump, it is wonderully effective. To make this I churn a quart of soft soap, a quart of water, and one pint of kerosene, until all are permanently mixed. I then dilute with water until the kerosene forms one-fifteenth of the whole. We were very pleased to learn, from our experiments made in April last that this liquid is equally powerful to destroy the plant louse eggs before they hatch. We also found it very efficient when applied to plant lice just after they hatch. This is a very important matter; as it is much easier to make the application thorough before the leaves put forth and before the lice are domiciled in the curled up leaves. As we have seen before, success in this case depends on thoroughness, and this thoroughness, especially in treating large trees, is very difficult after the foliage is fully developed, so here it is peculiarly true that the early bird catches the worm."

Late Summer Crops.

In addition to peas there are a few other crops whose planting may still continue, success being dependent more upon seasons. It should be remembered that late-planted crops require rich soil and deep preparation. Forage crops of corn; millet, sorghum, etc., may still be made, but will not amount to much without good ground, good preparation and reasonable seasons. If such plantings be made and the plants started off in July, the August rains are frequently sufficient to mature fine yields. We have had fine success with cat-tail millet sown even so late as August 1st. The best potatoes for keeping, as well as for planting next spring, are made from vines set ont in well-plowed, good soil throughout the month of July, those planted early in the month often making as large tubars as are desired, and the later, sufficiently large for ordinary use and for seed. There is no doubt of the fact that the later plantings produce better keepers, and they are much cheaper, as they make with much less labor. Plantings of cuttings on wheat, barley or rye lots are almost certain of a good yield of smooth, fair-sized potatoes at very small expense of labor. Very late plantings should be in closer rows and the be ls not thrown up so high.

Plowing in Dry Weather.

If there occur prolonged spells of dry weather, and the clean condition of the crop—the absence of grass and weeds—makes it unnecessary to use plow or sweep for their destruction, the question will arise whether it is a good general rule to plow a cotton-field where there has been no rain since last plowing and the field is absolutely clean of weeds. The question will occur to any farmer of a few years' experience, and it is certainly a practical one. Some farmees believe in plowing deeper as the ground becomes dryer, claiming that deep plowing will "bring up the moisture." Now, deep plowing will "bring up the moisture," in the sense that the moist soil that lies several inches below the surface will be brought to the surface; but we can see no benefit or advantage in removing the soil with its contained moisture from the neighborhood of the plant roots (where it can do the most good) and bringing it to the surface to be immediately dried by the sun and wind. Our own experience and observation are opposed to the practice of plowing a field that has been once thoroughly plowed since any rain has fallen. It may not result in actual harm to the growing crop, and the latter may even be benefited, but it is extremely doubtful if the "game be worth the candle."

He Couldn't Understand.

Henry Stewart writes in Hoard's dairyman: A man whom I knew once bought a Jersey bull and a half dozen cows to start a fine butter dairy. He put them on a rocky, barren New Jersey pasture and wondered to me why these cows made no more butter than his neighbor's scrubs. "If," said he, "these cows won't do better than common cows on the same feed, why do the breeders ask $200 apiece for them?" He never thought he was paying this price for a more capable machine for turning feed into milk and butter, but which could do nothing without plenty raw material to work upon. The best cow for a scrub dairyman is the scrub cow, a regular "rustler." Take her on her "native heath" where the owner does nothing and the cow does everything and gives but very little back, and the scrub cow can't be beat.

Paine's Celery Compound

For The NERVOUS
The DEBILITATED
The AGED.

A NERVE TONIC. Celery and Coca, the prominent ingredients, are the best and safest Nerve Tonics. It strengthens and quiets the nervous system, curing Nervous Weakness, Hysteria, Sleeplessness, &c.

AN ALTERATIVE. It drives out the poisonous humors of the blood purifying and enriching it, and so overcoming those diseases resulting from impure or impoverished blood.

A LAXATIVE. Acting mildly but surely on the bowels it cures habitual constipation, and promotes a regular habit. It strengthens the stomach, and aids digestion.

A DIURETIC. In its composition the best and most active diuretics of the Materia Medica are combined scientifically with other effective remedies for diseases of the kidneys. It can be relied on to give quick relief and speedy cure.

Hundreds of testimonials have been received from persons who have used this remedy with remarkable benefit. Send for circulars, giving full particulars.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop's
BURLINGTON, VT.

jan 19 1y

MILLINERY
IN GREAT PROFUSION.

Those HANDSOME PATTERN HATS and BONNETS will be open and ready for inspection by latter part of the week.

Having a resident buyer you may be sure of the styles.

HOSIERY, CORSETS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS, CUFFS, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, ZEPHYR, EMBROIDERY SILK, SATINS, RIBBONS, COLLARETTES, &c.,

Cheap for Cash.

MRS. DYE.

FAYETTEVILLE
Book and Music Store.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

BASE BALLS,
MARBLES, TOPS, &C.

YOU WILL FIND AT

The Fayetteville Book and Music Store

A LARGE STOCK OF

Base Balls and Bats of all styles and prices, from 5c. up.

ALSO SOLID AND HOLLOW RUBBER BALLS! STONE AND GLASS MARBLES! TOPS AND TOP CORD! &C!

AT THE FAYETTEVILLE BOOK AND MUSIC STORE.

McNEILL & CO.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!

They buy in CAR LOAD Lots, from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.

A CAR LOAD RED RUST-PROOF OATS,
A CAR LOAD WESTERN MIXED OATS,
A CAR LOAD SHIP STUFF,
A CAR LOAD **Rock Lime,**

Flour a Specialty.

WE SELL THE FOLLOWING STANDARD BRANDS OF **FERTILIZERS:**

Gibbs & Co's. High-grade Ammoninated Phosphate, Farmers' Friend Guano, Stonewall Guano, Royster's High-grade Acid Phosphate, Long's Prepared Chemicals and Kainit. This is the first year of the Stonewall brand. Try it.

Our Stock of **Farming Implements** Is complete.

Our Light-weight "Boss" Plow is the popular Plow. We have also "No. 4 Boss," "Daisy," "Watt," "No. 2," "Gem," "Stonewall," "Carolina;" all kinds of Castings.

Old Hickory Wagons and Carts.

DAWLOW & COX COTTON PLANTERS.

☞ Come or send for prices.

Soda Water,

Milk Shakes,

Lemonade, Ginger Ale,

Snow Cream,

Mineral Waters,

AND ALL THE POPULAR SUMMER DRINKS AT

PEMBERTON & PRIOR'S.

Executor's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as Executor to the last will and testament of Peter Monroe, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the estate to come forward and make immediate payment. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them on or before the 5th day of April, 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

A. C. MONROE, Executor.
JOHN G. SHAW, Attorney.
March 30, 1888 apl 5 6t pd

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, O. U.S.A.

Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.

A. J. STONER, M.D., Decatur, Ill.

PRICE, $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

Trade Mark

may 3 PEMBERTON & PRIOR, Agents.

T. A. KLUTZ,
Architect and Superintendent,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

jan 12 tf

PEMBERTON & PRIOR'S
Poultry Powders

will prevent as well as cure diseases among your chickens, ducks and geese.

WILL MAKE THEM LAY.

Ask for and take no other.

☞ Only 15 cents.

At PEMBERTON & PRIOR'S.

Improved Cotton Seed.

I have a few bales of genuine "*PETERKIN*" *COTTON SEED* for sale. These seed have been carefully sacked and cared for, and show for themselves *just what they are*. They gave a yield at my Gin this season of from 40½ lbs to 42 lbs. of Lint to 100 lbs. of Seed Cotton. The yield, both in the field and at the gin, exceeds any I have ever seen. The price of seed is saved in the first picking. Come and see them and you will buy them.

For further information in regard to these seed, I refer to Capt. David Jones and Mr. W. H. Tomlinson.

jan 19 tf JAS. D. McNEILL, Merchant Mills.

PATENTS,

Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office or before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of MODEL OR SKETCH *of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability* FREE OF CHARGE.

FEES MODERATE, and I make NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED. Information, advice and special references sent on application.

J. R. LITTELL, Washington, D. C.
Opp. U. S. Patent Office. oct 27 tf

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOMETHING NEW
—AT—
BROWN & RODDICK'S
THIS WEEK!

Imported India Linen Cords.

New Lot Hamburg Edging.

ORIENTAL LACES.

ALL-OVER EMBROIDERIES.

NEW LACES AND TRIMMINGS.

Muslin, Challie, Seersucker,

SATTEENS,

INDIA and VICTORIA LAWN.

DRESS ROBES—White.

Full Line Pants Goods.

TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

Ladies' Handkerchiefs,

New and Beautiful.

Tidies, Table Cloths,

LAMBREQUINS, &c.

WHITE QUILTS.

REMEMBER, WE KEEP SHOES.

BROWN & RODDICK,
27 HAY STREET.

apl 19 tf

REMEMBER!

MY MOTTO IS YOU WILL

F. F. F. F. F. F. F. G's

and PROVISIONS of all kinds, such as Sugar, Coffee, Flour, Bacon, Hams, Breakfast Strips, Corn, Meal, Canned Goods, Pure Butter and Lard, Fruits, Nuts and Whitman's Celebrated Pure Confectioneries.

I have recently returned from the Northern cities, where I made a choice selection of the above goods, and am now prepared to offer to my customers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

the largest and finest stock of goods I have ever had in my house. R. T. SCANLIN, Ag't.
No. 51 Person St., Fayetteville, N. C.

P. S. Any girl or boy under ten years of age, who will present in writing at my store the definition of the above motto, without reference for information, will be presented with a package of Whitman's Sweet Vanilla Flavored Chocolate.

apl 19 1y R. T. S., Ag't.

PROVIDENT
Savings Life Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

AN OLD LINE COMPANY.

Protection Absolutely Sure.

Largest assets to liability of any regularly organized Life Company, having $209 of assets to each $100 in liabilities.

Smallest average rate of premium.

Largest annual dividends being 30 per cent.

Smallest death-rate $5.66 per thousand.

SHEPPARD HOMANS, President.
W. E. STEVENS, Secretary.
J. S. JONES, General Agent.

ap 19 4t

NOTICE TO THE

Stockholders of the Carolina City Company and others.

State of North Carolina, by the Attorney General, on the relation of Ellen Mason,
vs.
B. H. Eaton and the Carolina City Company.

IN OBEDIENCE to a judgment of the Superior Court of Carteret County, at Spring Term, 1888, in the above entitled action, notice is hereby given to all persons holding certificates of stock in the Carolina City Company, to present them to the undersigned at his office in Beaufort, N. C., on Thursday, the 24th day of May, 1888. All persons claiming to be owners of stock in said Company, for which the certificates have been lost or mislaid, are also notified to make proof of their several claims before me. All persons who shall fail so to do will, by said judgment, be forever debarred from participation in the distribution of the assets of the Carolina City Company.

All persons claiming lots in the plan of Carolina City are notified to present their deeds to me for inspection, and all persons claiming to be owners of lots in the said plan and having to receive deeds, are also notified to make satisfactory proof of the fact before me that deeds may be executed to them for the same.

All persons having books, papers, certificates of stock in other corporations, or other property or thing of value belonging to said Carolina City Company, are hereby notified to deliver the same, at once, to me.

JNO. D. DAVIS, Receiver
of the Carolina City Company.
Beaufort, N. C., April 19, 1888. 5w

For Sale.

A lot of old newspapers. Inquire at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

RALEIGH AND FAYETTEVILLE
MARBLE WORKS,

CHAS. A. GOODWIN, PROPRIETOR,

417 AND 419 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Branch House.

Lauder's Old Stand, - - Fayetteville, N. C.

feb 23 1y

SALEM HIGH SCHOOL,
HUNTLEY, N. C.

(SAMPSON CO.)

SPRING TERM Opens Jan. 2, 1888.

☞ For catalogue or any further information, apply to

MARION BUTLER, Principal.

dec 8 1y

R. M. NIMOCKS,
HAY STREET,

CALLS THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, PLANTERS AND TURPENTINE MEN TO HIS LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and DISTILLERS SUPPLIES

COTTON and NAVAL STORES

WILL BE PURCHASED OR TAKEN ON CONSIGNMENT.

Guanos of all kinds Constantly on hand.

Bagging, Ties, Molasses Sugar, &c.

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Remember the Sign in Gilt,

NIMOCKS.

nov 3 tf

"Get Ready."

Before the cold weather comes, get out your Heating Stoves and have them put in order. See that new grates, fire pots and pipe have taken the place of the burned out parts. With a large supply of

COAL

on hand, we are prepared to keep you comfortable.

Have Your Stoves Repaired.

We have a full line of

Cooking and Heating Stoves

on hand, and will sell them at prices to suit the times.

Call and see the nicest line of BRASS GOODS ever shown in this market:

BRASS

Fire Dogs, Fenders, Shovels,
Tongs, Pokers, Spark Fenders, &c.

☞ Fenders to suit any size fire place.

McMILLAN BROS.

oct 6 tf

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad.
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

Seed. LANDRETH'S Seed.

ARE ALWAYS

RELIABLE and FRESH.

Don't buy any others, as LANDRETH'S are the only Seed burned at the end of the Season.

We have just received the largest lot ever brought to this market, and have

Any Variety You Wish,

WHICH WE OFFER AT LOWEST PRICES,

—AT—

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO'S
DRUG STORE.

Express Steamboat Co.

THE STEAMER D. MURCHISON,

CAPT. J. C. SMITH,

will, on and after April 1st, leave Fayetteville on

Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 o'clock.

Returning, will leave Wilmington at

2 P. M. Wednesdays and 12 M. Saturdays.

☞ Freight and passenger accommodations first-class.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
mar 24-tf Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

CHAS. GLOVER,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

$23,000 worth of Real Estate Disposed of in 30 days.

If you have anything to sell, now is the time. Place it with me, and I will sell. To anyone wishing to buy I will make terms easy. I have

DWELLINGS, FARMS AND VACANT LOTS,

Also, two desirable pews in the Presbyterian Church to offer. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

mar 15 tf CHAS. GLOVER, Real Estate Agent.

A FINE VARIETY OF
Cotton Seed.

I have for sale a limited supply of "Allen's Long Silky Staple Cotton Seed." These seed are from the cotton raised by me, which took the premium at the Cumberland Fair. The cotton is far superior to other kinds, and will bring 3 cents per pound more than the ordinary staple. If you wish to supply yourself call at once on W. J. McDONALD, JR.,
mar 15 tf Green street.

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,



OFFERS HIS PROFESsional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:

North-east corner Market Square.

April 29, 1880. tf

A. GARRASON,

DEALER IN

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

FRENCH AND PLAIN CANDIES,

FRUITS and VEGETABLES,

Tobacco and Cigars,

McLEAN'S VINEGAR.

Carolina Roller Mills

FLOUR AND FEED.

FAYETTEVILLE
Sewing Machine and Music House

ORGANS $30, $40, $45, $55, $65 to $100.
NEW MACHINES $25, $30 and $40.
OLD MACHINES $8 to $10.

Staybright Polish, for Furniture.

MACHINES AND ORGANS REPAIRED

june 23 1y J. H. FARRAR, Agt.

Wood! Wood!

ONLY 200 CORDS LEFT!

GOOD, DRY FOREST PINE **$2.00** Large Lots for less.

—ALSO—

BEST

FAMILY FLOUR

FRUITS,

VEGETABLES, &c.

Goods and Wood delivered FREE.

VANN BROS.

jan 19 tf

Fine Mountain Beef.

I am daily expecting a large lot of fine Mountain Beef. Parties who wish to make

CORNED BEEF

Will do well to leave their orders.

GOOD BEEF

AND FRESH, HOME-MADE SAUSAGE

Always on hand.

I will also buy | I will also buy

HIDES,

And pay the highest market price.

☞ Fresh Beef every day. Call at the Market, on

oct 20 W. H. TOMLINSON. tf

ADVERTISEMENTS.

LADIES!

Do Your Own Dyeing at Home with

Peerless Dyes,

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package—40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO.

jan 12 1y

W. J. McDONALD, JR.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Liquors and Wines

—JOBBER IN—

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

No. 4 Green Street.

dec 1 tf

H. McD. ROBINSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
FAYETTEVILLE N. C

☞ Collections a specialty. Prompt attention given to all business.

may 26 1y

E. A. POE,
Manufacturer of BRICK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Remember, I make the best Brick made in the State. apl 21 tf

CONDENSED SCHEDULE NO. 30.

Taking effect at 5:00 A. M., Tuesday, March 20, 1888.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Fight & Accom'n.
Leave Bennettsville,	8:15 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
Arrive Maxton,	9:25 a. m.	3:35 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	9:35 a. m.	4:15 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	11:25 a. m.	8:10 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	11:40 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	1:55 p. m.	2:25 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	2:15 p. m.	3:10 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	5:40 p. m.	8:30 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	5:50 a. m.	
Arrive Ararat,	3:00 p. m.	

Passenger and Mail No. 1—dinner at Sanford.
Passenger and Mail No. 11—dinner at Germanton.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Fight & Accom'n.
Leave Ararat,	4:00 p. m.	
Arrive Greensboro,	9:00 p. m.	
Leave Greensboro,	10:05 a. m.	7:30 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	1:30 p. m.	1:52 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	2:00 p. m.	2:00 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:15 p. m.	6:30 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	4:30 p. m.	5:30 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	6:26 p. m.	9:00 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	6:40 p. m.	9:45 a. m.
Arrive Bennettsville,	8:00 p. m.	12:00 noon

Passenger and Mail No. 2—dinner at Sanford.

Factory Branch—Freight and Accommodation.

TRAIN MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro	8:00 a. m.	4:00 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro	9:30 a. m.	5:40 p. m.

TRAIN MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro	1:15 p. m.	
Leave Factory Junction	2:15 p. m.	5:05 p. m.
Arrive Millboro	3:00 p. m.	5:45 p. m.

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.

Freight and Accomadation Train runs from Fayetteville to Bennettsville and return on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; from Fayetteville to Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Greensboro to Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Trains on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Superintendent.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Dec. 27, 1886.	No. 48, Daily.	No. 40, Daily.
Leave Weldon	2 15 P. M.	5 38 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	3 33 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 P. M.	.....
Arrive Wilson	4 05 P. M.	6 58 P. M.
Leave Wilson	4 02 "	.....
Arrive Selma	5 40 "	.....
Arrive Fayetteville	7 45 "	.....
Leave Goldsboro	4 54 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	5 54 "	.....
Leave Burgaw	7 00 "	.....
Arrive Wilmington	7 50 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 47, Daily.	No. 43, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.	8 50 P. M.
Leave Burgaw	9 34 "	9 50 "
Leave Warsaw	10 37 "	10 57 "
Arrive Goldsboro	11 35 "	11 58 "
Leave Fayetteville	8 30 "	.....
Arrive Selma	10 47 "	.....
Arrive Wilson	11 59 "	.....
Leave Wilson	12 25 P. M.	12 51 A. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	12 40 "	
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 A. M.	.....
Arrive Weldon	2 35 P. M.	2 70 A. M.

A Freight and Passenger train on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leaves Smithfield at 6 a. m. and arrives at Fayetteville at 10 a. m. Leaves Fayetteville at3:40 p. m.; arrives at Smithfield at 6:50 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train on Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves Smithfield at 7:30 a. m. and arrives at Wilson at 10:00 a. m. Leaves Wilson at 3:25 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 5:30 p. m.

Passenger Train north from Fayetteville connects with R. & D. R. R. at Selma for Raleigh and Greensboro.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.00 P. M. Returning leaves Scotland Neck at 9.30 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albermarle & Raleigh R. R. Daily except Sunday, 6.00 P. M., Sunday 5.00 P. M., arrive Williamston, N. C., 8.10 P. M., 6.40 P. M. Returning leaves Williamston, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 8.00 A. M., Sunday 9.50 A. M., arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10.05 A. M., 11.30 A. M.

Train on Midland, N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.00 P. M. Returning leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 A. M., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.00 A. M.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No. 50. Northbound is No. 51.

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Trains make close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington.

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLY, Sup't Trans.
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't
T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.